THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

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THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

CITY ITEMS.

Queen of the Toilet.

Sawyer's Barbers Soap is now an indispensable article to the Toilet. No one should be without it. Only thirty cents a cake.

Skating Skirts.

All styles and colors, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.

C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Dress Goods.

Closing out at a great sacrifice, on the north-east corner of Fourth and Market streets.

C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Neutral Sulphite of Lime.

For preserving cider. For sales by Charles Super, Druggist, corner of Penn and St. Clair street, Pittsburgh.

Reduction in Price.

Prints, Ginghams, Muslins, &c., selling as low as they can be purchased in the Eastern cities. Remember we are now on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.

C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Blankets and Flannels.

A very large stock of all the leading makes, at a great reduction on former rates. Remember we are now on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.

C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Rare Chance.

House for sale. Two story brick; range with hot and cold water; bath room; gas; marble mantles; paved yard; 10 rooms; house nearly new; finished in first class style. If desired, the whole of the furnishing will be sold with the house, as the owner's family are in declining health. The whole, or either, will be sold at a bargain. Inquire at No. 124 Wood street

Put the Question

Generally to your friends, as to what preparations they use for their teeth, and the response, nine times out of ten, will be SOZODONT. 'Tis no longer necessary to impress its merits upon the public mind, experience has taught the world that, as a means for beautifying and preserving the teeth, invigorating the gums, and giving a pleasant aroma to the breath, it has no rival in either hemisphere.

The "Outs" and "Ins."

Mayor Lowry and his police force have retired from their official positions, and have been succeeded by Mayor McCarthy and his newly appointed force. Whatever difference of opinion may exist in the minds of the people as to the relative merits of the old and new officers, there can be none as to the superior excellence of those Gents' Calf Boots, Skating Balmoral Boots, and Blankets, Furs and Woolen Goods, now offered for sale at McClelland's Auction Emporium, No's 55 and 57 Fifth street. We may add that in Furs the greatest bargains are offered in Capes, Collars, Muffs, Berthas, Victorines, Cuffs, in Squirrel, Fitch, Sable, Martin—desirable colors. Now is the opportunity to procure bargains. Private sales day and evening.

Western University.

The quarterly examination will be in University Hall, between 9 and 2o'clock Thursday and Friday of this week. The friends and patrons are invited to be present. The annual exhibition of the Junior class will be given Friday evening. The next term will commence February 5th. More than 200 students have been in attendance the present term. The Faculty now consists of eleven Professors in the different departments of ancient and modern languages, science and preparatory English. This is a State Institution, depending for its existence on no man or set of men the whole income of which, and thousands of dollars besides are expended for its support. The purpose of the Trustees is to furnish the very best advantages to young men preparing for business or any of the professions. No superficial course of study and no temporary expedients are resorted to to increase its funds or popularity.

Neutral Sulphite of Lime,

For preserving cider. For sale by Charles Super, Druggist, corner of Penn and St. Clair streets, Pittsburgh.

A Little Doubtful.

Only, only, only, only $10, $10, $10, $10, $10. For what? Why, a beautiful set of teeth. A perfect imitation of nature. Call and examine before going elsewhere. No. 246 Penn street Artificial eyes, nose and palate, perfect imitation of Nature, made to order at the lowest possible rates, and warranted to give good satisfaction. Call and examine specimens. Dr. C. Sill, No. 246 Penn street. Read the following: A set of teeth for $10 such as other Dentists charge from $25 to $50, and warranted perfect in every respect. Owing to the facilities we have for manufacturing Artificial Teeth, and always buying our materials by large quantities, thus getting a large discount on our bills, we are enabled to make the same piece of work 25 per cent. cheaper than any Dentist west of the Alleghenies. Call, examine and judge for yourself. Satisfaction guaranteed in every case. A lady always in tendance to receive and assist in waiting n you. Call and examine our variety of teeth and work them, and then judge for yourself whether we do not make the best piece of work the least money of any Dentist in Pittsburgh An examination is all that is necessary to convince you of the above facts. No. 246 Penn street is the place. No. 246 Penn street is the place. No. 246 Penn street is the place. N. B. No charge whatever for administering the gas and no extra charge for extracting teeth.

Public Health—The Press.

Advertising has been pronounced "undignified" by the medical faculty. A physician who advertises a valuable remedy to fifty people in his private practice would receive the cold shoulder from his professional brethren, should he make its merits known to millions through the business columns of a newspaper press. This may be "dignified," but is it benevolent, humane or just? Whoever is fortunate enough to discover or invent anything that will prevent or cure, or alleviate human suffering, is bound to make it known through every channel of communication within his reach, to the general public. For many years the merits of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters have been proclaimed to the world, and multitudes have been restored to health, or saved from fatal maladies in consequence. As new facts have been developed in relation to the operation of this most pure and potent of all Stomachics and Alteratives, they have been stated in simple language to the people of many lands; and if the proprietors of the medicine have derived profit from their dissemination, thousands upon thousands of individuals have been benefitted thereby to an extent beyond all estimate. In the West Indies, Canada, Australia, and South America, Hostetter's Bitters were recognized as the sole specific for Dyspepsia, the best possible safeguard against epidemics, and the finest invigorant in cases of General Debility, and the only diffusive stimulant entirely free from noxious ingredients.

Hostetter's Bitters

Are sold wholesale and retail at very low rates at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 54 Market street, corner of the Diamond and Fourth street.

Fall and Winter Goods.

It is with great pleasure we call the attention of our readers to the subperb stock of Fall and Winter Goods just received by Mr. John Weier, Merchant Tailor, No. 126 Federal street, Allegheny. His stock embraces some of the most beautiful Cloths, Cassimeres, Overcoatings and Vestings ever brought to the western market. His assortment of Furnishing Goods, comprising Shirts, Drawers, Collars Neck Ties, Handkerchiefs, &c., cannot be surpassed east or west. A large stock of ready made Pants, Coats, Vests and Overcoats, will also be found to his establishment. Persons in want of any thing in the clothing line should not fail to give Mr. Weier a call.

Carpenter Jobbing Shop.

Having returned after an absence of three years in the army, I have re-opened my shop for all sorts of jobbing in the carpenter line, at the old stand, Virgin Alley, between Smithfield street and Cherry Alley. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

WILLIAM FORREST.

Thomas W. Parry & Co.,

Practical Slate Roofers, and Dealers in American Slate of various colors. Office at Alexander Laughlin's near the Water Works Pittsburgh, Pa. Residence, No. 78 Pike street. Orders promptly attended to. All work warranted water proof. Repairing done at the shortest notice. No charge for repairs, provided the roof is not abused after it is put on.

Neutral Sulphite of Lime,

For preserving cider. For sale by Charles Super, Druggist, corner of Penn and St. Clair streets, Pittsburgh.

A Great Crowd

Followed the Ambassador through the streets yesterday, and many asked the question whether he was a real Turk or not.

His spirited speech on the merits of *Hoboosh Candy* was well recieved, and no doubt the druggists made many a dime by its sale. "Buy and try it," seems to be the motto.

The Meagher Brothers

Will perform on Central Park every afternoon (weather permitting) at 2½ o'clock.

The New York Weekly Magazine,

Number 5, for February, contains a further instalment of, How I made a Fortune in Wall Street, and How I got Married; The Steamer Bell; The Store Keeper; Scientific; The Man in the Conservatory; What I Dreamed on New Year's Eve; A California Adventure; The Streets of the World; Under Suspicion; The Burgeois of Paris; A Flight in the Dark; A Thrilling Adventure; Ridder Ro and den Rap, a Poem from the Danish; A National Hymn, &c. Just received, and for sale, by John W. Pittock, opposite the Post Office.

Miss Carrie A. Moore.

The Skatorial Queen, will give three of her beautiful exhibitions at Central Park, every afternoon, (weather permitting) at 3½, 4 and 4½ o'clock.

Valentines.

At Pitts's.

FOUR HARRISBURG LETTER.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, January 30, 1866.

An immense number of papers have been presented in both Houses in favor of and against a bill which has been offered, allowing passenger railway cars to run in Philadelphia on Sunday. There is no likelihood that the bill will pass this winter, but the public of your Sister City at the Eastern end of the State have become so excited on the question that it promises to be brought prominently before the voters at the next election. The majority of the people are certainly in favor of having the cars running on Sunday the same as on other days, but their Legislators, or at least many of them, are afraid to touch the matter, fearing defeat when they come up for re-election.

The governor's views relative to charities are those of a large number of the Senators and Representatives, and a great reduction in the amount appropriated will be made. Of course, I refer to local charities—such as the Home for the Friendless, Mercy Hospital, Pittsburgh Infirmary, St. Paul's Orphan Asylum, New Brighton Insane Asylum, and the School of Design, all institutions located in your section of the State, and which drew from the State Treasury last year, in all, nineteen thousand five hundred dollars.

Gen. Harry White has presented a bill which provides that where a re-enlisted veteran has been credited to the quota of any locality, and has not been paid the full amount of local bounty as specified in the Act of March, 1864, it shall be lawful for the proper authorities to levy and collect a tax sufficient to pay the same with interest.

Supplements to the Landlord and Tenant act continue to be presented to the Legislature. The last one read in place extends to Aldermen the same authority as is conferred on Justices of the Peace by the original act. Mr. Sturdevant had previously offered one repealing so much of previous acts as relates to appeals, and providing that no warrant of possession shall issue until five days after the rendition of judgment. If the tenant gives security for costs and for rent he can carry his appeal to the Court of Common Pleas.

Sometime ago a bill was passed by the Legislature authorizing the erection of a ferry over the Allegheny at or near the place where the road leading from the Clarion and Tionesta road to Plainsville crosses that stream. It was not, however, sufficiently explicit in its provisions and it is now designed to establish the locality more definitely by naming the mouth of Pithole as the point on the river where it shall be erected.

There are fifty-four million acres of land in Minnesota; twenty-four millions are unsurveyed, and open to settlers under the homestead law. Good farms are cheap there.

Atlantic and Great Western Railroad—The Arlington Estate—Secretary Seward and Spain—Mexicrn Question.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—New Jersey papers say the Atlantic and Great Western Railway Company, under the terms of their agreements with the Morris and Essex Railroad Company, have contracted for grading the whole of the branch road from Danville to Bloomfield, a distance of twenty miles. The work is on the entire line of road is to be pushed forward with all possible dispatch, and the contractors have to have the whole completed within twelve months.

A morning paper says: Mrs. Robert Lee is bringing influence of many, including the men of Virginia, and the south to bear upon the President, in favor of the restoration of the Arlington estate.

The *Herald's* Havana correspondent says: At the banquet given to Secretary Seward, by the Captain General of Cuba, Mr. Seward offered the sentiment that Spain is the only European power that has any right to a footing in America, since Spain had always been eminently American.

The Paris Journal des Debats says, in an editorial: "We wish Mexico had not become such an embarrassing matter to us, and an obligation originating in a false point of honor. Let us try to see the serious and actual dangers which threaten the French Empire in America, and which make us wish that our government would take one or the other of the two resolutions, either to boldly augment our army of occupation in Mexico, in order to prepare against an invasion by the adjacent power, or use prompt measures for evacuation."

From Texas—The Juarez and Gen. Ortega Dispute—Reports about the Death of President Johnson's Brother Contradicted—Texas Politics.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 30.—Galveston dates of the 27th state that Gen. Ortega, Juarez's agitator, publishes, as President of the Supreme Court of the Republic of Mexico, a protest against the decree of Juarez, aimed at Ortega, dated Nov. 8th, 1865.

The Galveston *Civilian*, a steady Union paper, denies the truth of the reports circulated North about President Johnson's brother, when he died of a wound. The other Galveston and Houston papers also contradict these reports.

The *Civilian* says all delegates elect to the Convention, as far as heard from, warmly support President Johnson's policy. The election of Judge Hancock, at Austin, over ex-Governor Pease, is considered as sustaining the President and opposing Gov. Hamilton, who is considered as more in accord with the radicals than with the President.

Card from Secretary Harlan—Corrected Statement of his Views.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The Hon. James Harlan, in a card to the *Daily Chronicle*, says that a part of the report of his remarks on Friday evening, which referred to the President, is so imperfect as to change the sense, and adds, after referring to the danger apprehended by some in conferring the elective franchise on a vast multitude of persons so recently released from slavery, and danger on the other hand of excluding as large a portion of the thoroughly loyal part of the population from a voice in reorganization: "I expressed my further confidence in ignorant loyalty than in intelligent treason, and added that he had never disguised the preference and would not do so in the future." He concludes with an expression of confidence in the wisdom and virtue of the President, in which he thinks he can be cordial to speak, and who had been able in the past and would be able in the future to disclose his own views.

Quarantine Accommodations—Columbian Marine Insurance Company.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—A meeting of the Health Commissioners was held yesterday, when resident physician Sayre reported on his visit to Albany in reference to the quarantine accommodations, and a series of resolutions were adopted relative to vaccination.

At the second meeting of the stockholders of the Columbian Marine Insurance Company, held yesterday afternoon, the committee appointed at the previous meeting made their report. The document exhibited facts which had a depressing effect on the hopes of the meeting. In the view of the committee, the amount to be considered as the net assets after the payment of all liabilities, reserves $50,000, consisting of $300,000 of their own stock, and $207,000 of claims against Great Britain. The approximate annual state of the company was read by the chairman, who claimed for the assets more value than the committee seemed inclined to place upon them.

From Havana.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The steamer Moro Castle arrived from Havana on the 27th. The royal decree has been received disapproving the formation of the society tending to suppress the slave trade, and reprimanding the Captain General for countenancing it and ordering its suppression.

There is no cholera at Havana, but considerable small pox at Rigla, a small town opposite the city.

A report says the Gulf is full of Chilian privateers. A schooner and steamer has been seen flying a suspicious flag. A schooner is reported to have left New Orleans and to be cruising on the Gulf.

War risks are being effected at Havana, by shop-owners. One company refused to take them.

The steamer Vera Cruz arrived at Havana from Vera Cruz on the 29th.

Pacific Railroad Meeting

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—A meeting of capitalists and merchants, was held in this city, at the rooms of the Board of Trade, to consider the interests of the Northern Pacific Railroad. Speeches were made by Edward S. Toby, who presided, ex-Governor Smith, of Vermont, the new President of the Company, Hon. J. F. Driggs, of Michigan, Gov. Ramsey, Governor of Idaho, Captain Mellon, the celebrated explorer and engineer, and other gentlemen. The policy of the company was announced to be the immediate construction of about seven hundred miles of the road, to connect the waters of Lake Superior with the Missouri and Yellowstone rivers, proceeding thence to the navigable waters of the Columbia, by which steam communication will be opened. It is proposed that this work shall be completed within six years.

Personal.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 31.—Col. Roberts and Gen. Sweeny arrived here last night.

VERY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Judge Chase on Negro Suffrage.

CANADA SMUGGLING ALMOST CEASED.

Collection of Tax on Distilling.

INDIAN DELEGATIONS WITH THE PRESIDENT.

Amendment on Representation Passed

RECONSTRUCTION SUB-COMMITTEES.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31, 1866.

The delegation of colored men from the different States of the Union, which recently arrived here for the purpose of pressing their claims to negro suffrage, called, last evening, on Chief Justice Chase, accompanied by a committee of the National Equal Suffrage Association of this city. They were cordially received by Mr. Chase, who heartily endorsed their views, and who urged them to persevere in the good work they had begun. He further stated, that although the President held his own particular views on the subject, that he was firm in the conviction that he would ultimately prove the champion of impartial suffrage.

The Commissioner of Customs to-day received a report from one of his officers, stationed at a point of the St. Lawrence, formerly notorious for smuggling operations, stating that contraband trade had almost entirely ceased within the limits of his district.

The Chief Surgeon of the Freedmen's Bureau in charge of Kentucky, and Tennessee, reports to the Bureau that he has recently visited the cities of Memphis, Louisville, Chattanooga and Columbus, on an inspecting tour, and states that the small pox rages to a considerable extent in those cities, and that every effort to stay its ravages by the establishment of medical dispensaries is being made by him. He states that the percentage of destitution and sickness is far greater among white refugees than blacks, most of whom are self-supporting.

The Senate Committee on Public Lands has reported favorably on the bill granting lands for the construction of a ship canal from Green Bay to Lake Michigan.

Senator Lane, of Kansas, has introduced a bill granting lands for the construction of a railroad from the southern terminus of the Leavenworth, Lawrence and Fort Gibson road to the northern boundary of Texas, in the direction of Galveston Bay. It grants twenty sections per mile on each side of the line.

Senator Stewart has introduced a bill granting one million acres of public lands for the support of a mining college to be located near Austin, Nevada. Scrip is to be issued for the amount which is to be sold by the State, and the proceeds are to be put in United States stocks, the interest on which shall be used for the expenses of the school.

Gen. Grant has given five thousand dollars towards the construction of a new Methodist Church here, and Gen. Howard has given one thousand dollars toward the support of the new Congregational Church.

Mr. Morrill and Senator Foot, of Vermont, together with several members of the Ways and Means Committee and half a dozen other Congressmen, gave a supper to-night to the Canadian delegation which is here in the interest of the reciprocity treaty.

General J. S. Preston, late of the rebel army, and four other South Carolinaas, were pardoned to-day. This business, though carried on quietly, is daily becoming more brisk.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has just promulgated the following circular relative to the renewal of distillers' bonds:

The attention of collectors is called to the fifty-third section of the Internal Revenue Act, which provides that the distillers' bonds may be renewed, or changed from time to time in regard to amount and sureties thereof, according to the discretion of collectors; also, to instructions in Form No. 30, Distillers' Bonds, which specify that the penal sum named in distillers' bonds should be twice as great as the probable amount of monthly tax. See also section seventeen of Circular 57.

The minimum amount of penal sum named in the distiller's bond, should be double the amount of duties upon monthly production of distillery, notwithstanding, any portion of it may be placed on bond. The collector should at once examine the bond of each distiller in his district, and if he does not find that penal sums in every case conform to the above rules, he should require a new bond fixing the several sums at proper amounts.

The Collector should approve no bond unless the securities upon it make oath that they have no pecuniary interest in the distillery, and that they are worth, over and above their debts, the amount for which they qualify. The Collector should receive a new bond whenever he has reason to believe that securities in any of them have acquired an interest in the distillery or that any of them are unable or are about to become unable to respond in the amount for which they have qualified.

When a distiller relative to whom a strong suspicion is entertained applies for license, collectors will see that the penal sum is of ample amount and the securities of abundant means to respond to damage. These securities must be commensurate with the risk. No Collector will suffer a distillery to be operated unless the owners comply with these regulations.

An interesting interview took place at the President's mansion this afternoon. Delegations from the Choctaw, Chickasaw, Creek, Cherokee and Seminole Indians were introduced by Hon. D. N. Cooley, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and Hon. J. A. Sells, United States agent for the Southwestern Indians. Mr. Jones, on the part of the Choctaws and Chickasaws, addressed the President at some length.

He said he could say, notwithstanding the late unfortunate conflicts in which we had been engaged, that the tribe he represented were friends to the government. Side by side they had fought with United States soldiers at Pensacola, New Orleans and elsewhere. While they execrated the crime which deprived the United States of their chief magistrate, they congratulated themselves that his successor was the great and noble statesman they had now the honor of beholding.

Mr. Boudinont, of the Cherokees, stated that there were two delegations from that tribe, called the loyal and disloyal. It was the result of an old feud existing since 1835. They were all loyal now, however, since the surrender last spring of Fort. Smith, in Arkansas.

Chief Sam, of the Creeks, addressed the President in a few words through the medium of an intelligent colored interpreter. He was followed by a Seminole Chief also through the medium of a colored interpreter.

The President responded most happily to the Indians. He thanked them for the compliment they had paid him in calling. He said the Government always redeemed its pledges, and when they come forward confessing their error in this manly manner, he extended to them the right hand of fellowship and amity. He was glad of this demonstration on the part of the tribes. Their geographical position ought to persuade them that peace is their proper policy. The Government was powerful to protect and punish. It is just. It will exert its powers with an eye single to justice. He was gratified to meet them and receive their assurances of friendship. Their business relations with the Government would be properly attended to.

Reports filed in the Freedmen's Bureau, show that more than two millions of dollars have been deposited by the freedmen, in the various saving banks throughout the South. The value of the taxable property belonging to the colored residents of Washington is one hundred and twenty-three millions, nine thousand dollars. Of the twenty-four thousand colored residents of this city, the Freedmen's Bureau estimate that seven thousand, four hundred can read. About five thousand subscribe for newspapers.

The scene in the house to-day, on the passage of the constitutional amendment, was one of the most impressive ever witnessed there. The speech of Thad. Stevens was the most powerful effort he has made for years, it was a complete demolition of Mr. Raymond. The vote shows a considerable gain of Union strength, over the vote on the suffrage bill. Several members from New England who voted no, are in no way connected with the new party move. Congress grows firmer and more united every hour.

The conversation of the President, as telegraphed on Sunday night, has had but one effect, and that is to make the Union party so strong that it cannot be shaken.

The Joint Committee on Reconstruction has as previously stated in these dispatches, been divided into five sub-committees of three members each. These are as follows: First, Senators Fessenden and Johnson, and Representative Stevens, to whom is intrusted the general business of the Committee and the nomination of persons on the condition of the South, as a whole. Second, Senator Grimes, Representatives Bingham and Grider who make the required investigation as to Tennessee. Third, Senator Howard, Representatives Conkling and Blow, who collect evidence respecting Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina. Fourth, Senator Harris and Representatives Morrill and Boutwell to examine witnesses regarding the situation in Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi and Arkansas; and fifth, Senator Williams and Representatives Washburne and Rogers, who are making the necessary inquiry about Florida, Louisiana and Texas. One or more of the sub-committees is in session for about two hours every morning, that on Tennessee being particularly busy.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, January 31, 1866.

SENATE.—Mr. Connell, from the Committee on Finance, reported a bill fixing the salaries of certain officers of the Commonwealth. The bill increases the salary of the Governor to $5,000, and the salaries of the Judges of the courts in Philadelphia and Allegheny to $4,500.

Mr. Graham, from the same committee, reported as committed an act regulating licenses of eating houses in Monongahela borough.

Mr. Bigelow, from the Judiciary Local Committee, reported as committed, an act authorizing the First Evangelical St. John Congregation of Pittsburgh to disinter bodies buried in their grave-yard; also as committed, an act authorizing the appointment of additional Notaries Public in Allegheny county.

Mr. Bigelow read in place a bill fixing the time for Holding terms of Courts in Allegheny county, and regulating the proceedings therein.

The Senate proceeded to consider the resolutions instructing Senators in Congress to vote for a bill granting suffrage to colored men in the District of Columbia. Mr. Landon spoke at length in favor of its adoption.

HOUSE.—Bills Passed.—An act to establish a House of Industry in Allegheny county; an act to prevent clandestine marriages; to authorize the St. John's Evangelical Church to sell burying grounds.

Bills in Place—Mr. Slack, to incorporate the Central Skating Park of Pittsburgh; Mr. Allen, to incorporate the Hollidaysburg Water Works.

Adjourned.

FIRE ON BENNEHOFF RUN.

ALL THE PRINCIPAL WELLS BURNING.

Petroleum Centre in Great Danger.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

PETROLEUM CENTRE, Jan. 31, 1866.

A very large fire has broken out on Bennehoff run. All the principal wells are on fire, and the burning oil is running down into the creek. There is great danger of the town being burned. The fire was caused by a spark from a smoke-stack.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH.

PETROLEUM CENTRE, PA., Jan. 31st—9 P. M.—A large fire occurred on Bennehoff Run this afternoon at 4:45 o'clock, originating from a train engine, which first communicated to a well on lease 33. Eight flowing wells, six belonging to the Bennehoff Petroleum Company, of New York, and two belonging to the Northern Light Petroleum Company, of New York, were burned, including 11,000 bbls of crude oil. The total loss is estimated at $100,000. The fire is still raging, but is now considered controllable. All the wells westward of No. 33 are saved. The town was at one time considered in great danger, but is now comparatively safe.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Bills for Proposed Promotions.

BIOGRAPHICS OF SECRETARY STANTON REPORTED

Conference of Senior Major Generals.

BOSTON EMIGRANT KIDNAPPING CASE.

New Money Order Offices Ordered

DISCHARGE OF TREASURY CLERKS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The *World's* Washington special says: It is said that if the bill for giving Gen. Grant the rank of full General becomes a law, it will be followed by another "fill conferring the rank of Lieutenant General upon Sherman and Sheridan. Admiral Farragut will be likely to be made a full Admiral, the Vice Admiralty in the navy being equal to the grade of Lieutenant General in the army.

Gen. Thomas gives a very cheerful account of affairs in Tennessee quite the opposite of the tone of Governor Brownlow's letter to Speaker Colfax. He will probably be called on to give evidence before the Committee on Reconstruction.

The *Herald's* special says that a rumor was current in Washington, yesterday, and for a time received considerable credence, that the Secretary of War had positively resigned his position, and would vacate it to-day, but the report appears to have had no reliable basis.

The *World's* special says. The House Military Committee are still engaged in maturing the bill for an increase of the army, and expect to report it to the House at an early day. There is reason to believe that there will be any conflict between the Military Committees of the two Houses in regard to the number of men of which the reorganized army is to consist, and Schenck, Chairman of the House Committee, favors the lowest possible standard.

The Committee on Elections will to-day decide upon the contested case of Voorhees and Washburne, of Indiana.

A private letter from Austin, Texas, dated January 21, says that the State Convention meets on the 7th of February.

The *Herald's* Washington special says: The conference of the senior Major Generals of the Regular Army now progressing here, is causing the most extensive speculations as to the results to be attained. Among the most practicable theories yet announced, is the supposition that these officers have been summoned more to give their united voices concerning the southern country they have travelled, and as to the necessity for governing the South with troops, than for a council touching the immediate affairs of the Army.

This proposition is the more creditable, from the introduction and passage of a resolution in the Senate, to-day, asking the President to transmit Major General Sherman's report of observations in the South. It is supposed that Mr. Johnson is principally desirous of obtaining the opinions of the Generals, and that Congress will adhere to its original idea of delegating sub-committees from the joint Reconstruction Committee, to make a trip of observation through the excluded States.

The *Times'* Washington special says: The receipts of Internal Revenue, from the 1st day of January to the evening, amount to one hundred and ninety-nine millions, eight hundred thousand dollars.

The *World's* special says: The House Committee on Commerce have a proposition before them to reduce the emoluments of Collectors of Customs to a reasonable figure. Under the present system, their salaries and perquisites ranging on enormous sum, from fifty to one hundred thousand dollars a year. It is proposed to abolish the offices of surveyor and Naval offices, which offices it is said are very lucrative, being nearly equal to Collectorships.

The action of the military court martial, recently in session at Boston, in regard to the alleged kidnapping of emigrants in that city in the summer of 1864, and the subsequent forcible enlistment of the latter, is very unsatisfactory to the Prussian Minister, at the instance of whom the arrests were made. It appears they ignored entirely the remonstrances of Baron Geraldi and the different foreign Consuls at Boston. The court was also silent respecting the mode in which those emigrants were swindled out of six hundred dollars each. The city received about nine hundred recruits by the means adopted. It is result that the Prussian Government and the other German States will prohibit the making of any more labor contracts, and will otherwise impose impediments to this coining. The attention of Congress will be called to the matter.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says on Monday next, fifty-five new money order offices are to be opened, including Richmond, Charleston, Savannah, Mobile, and many other important places in the South and in the territories.

It is stated that one hundred and fifty clerks are to be discharged to-day from the Treasury Department.

Temporary Loan Withdrawn.

IMPORTANT BANK CASES.

Sundry Bills Presented Yesterday.

Etc., Etc., Etc.

WASHINGTON, Jan 31.—Notice has been given by the Secretary of the Treasury, that the Treasurer of the United States, and the Assistant Treasurers at New York, Philadelphia and Boston, and designated depositories at Baltimore and Cincinnati, have been instructed to discontinue, on and after the first of February, receiving deposits for temporary loans, at six per cent interest. They have been instructed to secure such deposits in lawful money, on and after that date, at five per cent. interest, payable on ten days notice after the date of deposit.

Several cases involving the right of States to tax shareholders of National Banks are on argument in the Supreme Court. They arise on writs of error to the Court of Appeals of New York by the Second National Bank of Utica and two Albany banks. The question involved is a very important one, and the case excites much interest among persons interested in National Banks. They are test cases brought up under direction of the Executive Committee on National Banks.

The constitutional amendment passed by the House to-day differs from the one previously reported from the Committee of fifteen, in leaving out all allusion to direct taxes, not changing the constitution in that respect. The effect of the amendment is simply to exclude from the basis of representation all to whom the elective franchise is denied or abridged on account of race or color. The amendment is precisely the same, in purport and substance, as that introduced by Mr. Blaine on the 8th of January.

The bill reported yesterday from the Committee on Foreign Relations for the adjustment and satisfaction of claims of American citizens for spoliations committed by the French prior to the 31st July, 1801, providing that satisfaction shall be made to an extent not exceeding five millions of dollars. Three Commissioners are to be appointed to examine and determine the validity and amount of claims. The claims to be paid whenever Congress shall make an appropriation for that purpose. All claims not presented to the Commissioners within the period of three years from the passage of this act, shall be forever barred.

A bill was introduced by Representative Morrill authorizing the sale of certain parts of the Internal Revenue act. It declares that the words in section 120, "all dividends in scrip or money thereafter declared due, and wherever the same shall be payable to stockholders, policy holders, or depositors," shall mean dividends in scrip or money wherever payable, and all stockholders, policy holders, depositors or parties whatsoever, including non-residents whether citizens or aliens.

In section 22, the word "stock-holders" shall include non-residents, whether citizens or aliens. It is declared to be the duty of persons making returns of lists of income on property taxed, to state whether the amounts given are stated according to their value in currency and that the penalties imposed by law in every case of refusal so to state, shall be charged by the assessors. Section 4, provides that where returns are stated in coined money the assessor shall reduce them to their equivalents in currency. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to prescribe how the principle is applied to all return lists, assessments and collections.

The Secretary of the Treasury, in a note to Representative Washburne, of Illinois, chairman of the Committee on Commerce, expresses his dissent to the House Bill establishing a port of entry at New Orleans. He thinks it would eventually abolish the districts of New Orleans and Mobile, and establish St. Louis as the chief port of entry, instead of New Orleans. The bill embraces in the proposed district, the Mississippi, Missouri and Ohio rivers.

There seems no good reason, in this opinion, to set aside the rule to establish ports of entry within convenient reach of these points, where foreign commerce passes within the boundaries of our country. He says experience has shown the necessity of securing duties on imports, at some point before the cargo can arrive within the country. To permit vessels, with foreign cargoes, to pass upon our principal rivers, 1,300 miles to St. Louis, without first having previously secured, would open the door to smugglers, which even the constant presence of an inspector on board, would fail effectually to close. He sees no reason for making the bill apply to a port of entry that would not equally apply to Cincinnati or, as regards their geographical position to Cairo or Mound City, and cannot approve the objects of the bill, even in a modified form.

In accordance with his opinion, the bill has been reported on adversely by the Committee.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Shipwreck---Great Loss of Life.

THE NEW REFORM BILL.

The Spanish Insurrection.

NEW YORK, Jan 31.—The steamer New York from Bremen, via Southampton, has arrived with three days later news. The ship Christiana, which sailed on the 1st of December, from London for New York, became a wreck about December 20th, midway between London and New York. The officers, crew, and passengers were all saved by the Varina, from Calcutta.

The steamship London, from Melbourne, foundered at sea. Two hundred and seven lives were lost. Sixteen of the crew and three passengers were saved.

The Parliamentary session commences February 1st.

The new Reform Bill was laid before the Cabinet on the 30th inst., but only in the shape of a project. Russell and Gladstone are the authors of it. It will not be introduced early in the session.

Prince Christian and the Princess Helena will not be married until July.

The cattle plague continues its ravages.

No new arrests or seizures of Fenians have taken place.

The London *Star* says the Emperor Napoleon has positively intimated to the Washington Cabinet his willingness to withdraw his troops from Mexico at any moment, on condition that the United States Government recognizes Maximilian as Emperor of Mexico.

The *Monitour* says that no further doubts are entertained in Madrid that General Prim will be compelled to surrender or enter Portugal within three days. He is stated to have deceived his soldiers by representing that Espartero directed the revolt. Marshal Donnell ordered pursuit but not Prim's capture.

Madrid was quiet. The moderate party hoped that general Concha would form a new Cabinet.

Liverpool, Jan. 16.—Flour dull and steady; Winter Red 10s 3dg10s 6d. Corn quiet, new at 35s@35s 3d. Pork quiet. Bacon firm. Cheese firmer. Butter steady for fine qualities. Lard quiet and steady. Sugar inactive. Coffee no sales. Petroleum easier, refined 1s 6d@1s 6d.

LATEST MARKETS—*London, Jan.* 17.—Consols closed and closed at 89¾@87. French rentes 67 50c.

Liverpool, Jan. 17.—Cotton irregular and very dull and unchanged; sales on Wednesday of 7,000 bales, including 2,000 bales to speculators and exporters. Breadstuffs quiet. Provisions steady. Provisions firmer, except lard, which is dull. The produce market is quiet and steady.

London, Jan. 17.—United States 5-20s, 65; Erie Shares, 57½@58.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.—Sales on Monday and Tuesday amounted to 10,000 bales, including 5,000 to speculators and importers. The market was easier, with a downward tendency. Quotations are barely maintained in some cases, and in others they were 1-8d lower.

Manchester market very dull.

RECENT STEAMBOAT DISASTERS,

TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY LIVES LOST.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 31.—The steamer Missouri had one hundred and twenty persons on board, twenty-five of whom were passengers. The latest information from Evansville places the loss of life at about one hundred. The Missouri was one of the largest passenger steamers on the river. She was valued at one hundred thousand dollars.

The steamer Miama had about two hundred and fifty passengers on board, among whom were ninety-one men of Company B, 13th U. S. Colored Troops. The accident occurred at seven in the evening, just after supper, while the passengers were assembled in conversation around the stoves in the hall. The explosion was of such force as to rend the cabin floor asunder and let every person in the front part of the cabin down into the mass of fire and steam below. A great number lost their lives by jumping overboard. The total loss of life is supposed to be one hundred and fifty. Thirty of the soldiers were lost.

Another Fenian Alarm in Canada.

TORONTO, C. W., January 31.—A telegram from London, Canada West, says: It is understood that a dispatch from the frontier was received last night by the military authorities containing news justifying the placing of extra guards on duty, and also of extraordinary vigilance for some important event.

A dispatch went over the wires to Ottawa, yesterday, purporting to give information of the completion of Fenians on the western border. A fellow professing to be in Gen. Sweeny's service, who was here last week, gave information that Sweeny was organizing for an attack upon Montreal, Ottawa, Windsor, Sarnia and the Niagara frontier, and that he was sent here by General Sweeny. He has returned to New York. He is a Canadian, and has served in the southern army.

Attempted Escape of Negro Prisoners.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The Galveston *Bulletin*, of the 12th, gives an account of a desperate attempt of negro prisoners in the county jail to escape. The Sheriff attempted to put some of them in irons, when they attacked him with brickbats. A guard of the 85th Ohio was called in, when they attacked them violently with bricks. The ringleader seized a sergeant's gun and attempted to brain him with a stone. The sergeant shot him dead. Two others were wounded. After a severe struggle the prisoners were secured.

Martin, the Hotel Burner, Held for Trial—Warlike Preparations Contradicted—Southern Post Offices.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—United States Commissioner, Osborn, has rendered a decision holding Martin, the alleged rebel hotel burner, for trial.

The *Commercial's* Washington special says the Navy Department positively contradicts the story about the fitting out of war vessels at Newport, to operate on the Rio Grand.

Postmaster General Dennison, yesterday directed upwards of a hundred postoffices to be re-opened in the Southern States.

Virginia Politics.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The *Herald's* Richmond correspondence says that an effort is being made in the Virginia Legislature to declare the election of Senators Underwood and Segar illegal. Gov. Pierpoint and John Minor Botts are talked of as their successors. Both his friends and enemies are trying to get Governor Pierpoint to resign—the former in order that

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1866.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Notice is hereby given that hereafter all TRANSIENT advertisements received at this office must be paid for when handed in, except in the case of yearly advertisers, whose bills will be rendered quarterly, as usual. Advertisers will please make a note of this, as the rule of cash payments for advertisements of the character stated, will be inflexibly enforced.

The price of our Morning and Evening editions is THREE CENTS at the counter or from newsboys, served by carriers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week.

THE TENNESSEE DELEGATION.

The facts that Tennessee is the best of the revolted States, that a portion of her people, at least, (but not more than one-third,) remained faithful to the Union throughout, that some of her Congressmen elect are good, loyal men, and that Tennessee is the President's own State, have induced some few of the Republican members of Congress to look with favor upon the project to admit her Senators and Representatives at once to seats in Congress—to make an exception, as they say, in favor of that State, as against the other Southern States.

The arguments based upon these facts seem to us very weak; and those who urge them forget, or shut their eyes to one other fact, to wit: that an exception cannot safely be made of Tennessee. The design of the Restorationists is to get in *one* State at a time—to present the most favorable first, and, succeeding in that, to use the additional strength thus gained, to get in another, and another, and *so on* to the end. If Tennessee is admitted, Arkansas will be pressed for similar reasons, then Virginia, and then Louisiana; and having got that far, the Restorationists hope to have strength enough to bring in all the rest. An equally strong case can be made in favor of Virginia, which was represented in Congress as a State with a loyal organization, all through the rebellion; Arkansas was ahead of Tennessee in abolishing slavery and in setting up a Free State government; and if Louisiana was not quite as early as Arkansas, she can set up the plea that she organized a nominally Free State government almost as soon as the Union army occupied her soil.

It is, clear, then, that the admission of Tennessee would be urged as a precedent for the admission of the three others named, and that this would be followed by the admission of all the rest.

The fact that Tennessee is the President's own State should not, in our view, weigh one feather's weight in deciding the question. The President, of course, would be gratified in seeing his State represented in Congress; but in settling questions of grave public concern, which involve the great principle of human liberty and the future welfare and prosperity of the people, we cannot afford to turn aside for the mere purpose of paying a gratifying compliment to the executive. The exclusion of Tennessee from representation does not effect the eligility of the President, nor impair his right to his place; and beyond the personal feelings which it is natural he should entertain, he can have no interest in the matter one way or the other.

The important consideration remains, and cannot be got rid of, that Tennessee is to day thoroughly disloyal in sentiment; that a large majority of her white people are hostile to the Union, and bent upon punishing and persecuting the Union men of the State the moment they can regain power; and that if the State is readmitted to Congress they will at once assume control, in spite of all laws on the statute book preventing them. They will elect their own Governor and Legislature, repeal every law passed by the present Legislature in favor of the negro, establish serfdom, and organize the Courts so as to secure verdicts against the Union men, confiscating their property and driving them from the State.

The testimony of Gov. BROWNLOW and the Union State Committee of Tennessee upon these points, is conclusive. They do, indeed, faintly express the hope that their representatives may be admitted without necessitating the withdrawal of the United States forces, by which alone the rebel element is for the present kept down; but it is a very faint hope, and it is plain that as soon as the State is readmitted the United States forces must be withdrawn. Let the warning of Tennessee herself, therefore, be heeded. The only way to save her Union men from persecution is to keep the State out of Congress until her rebel citizens have learned wisdom.

GUBERNATORIAL.

On the democratic side the candidates that seem to be making headway are General G. W. CASS and HIESTER CLYMER. The friends of the latter gentleman claim that his case is very strongly set up on the east side of the Alleghenies, and that he now stands the best chance.

On the Republican side the contest is narrowing down. Messrs. MOORHEAD, KETCHUM and GRABY seem to divide between them most of the evidences of popular favor. MOORHEAD's friends insist he is decidedly ahead, so far, in the eastern and northern counties. On the other hand, the Reading *Journal* maintains that "General GRABY has the inside of the track." In its zeal it goes yet further, and expresses the opinion that the General "will undoubtedly be nominated—by acclamation most probably—on the first ballot." But demonstrations have been made to the east of the Alleghenies for General MOORHEAD. Comparatively few of the delegates to the State Convention have as yet been chosen. A majority of the whole number will be selected during the fortnight immediately preceding the Convention. It is not safe to predicate a judgment on the isolated appointments of delegates so far announced.

WEST VIRGINIA.

During the war a considerable portion of the inhabitants of West Virginia were unmistakably on the side of the rebellion. Not a few of the young men took service in the Confederate armies. It is natural that this faction should be dissatisfied with the order of things existing in the new State, and that they should attempt the part of reactionists, drawing their inspiration from Richmond.

An agitation has been commenced by these people, having for its declared object the repeal of all laws debarring them from political preferment, or inflicting on them disabilities of any sort. But they do not stop at this point. They declare that the popular decision by which West Virginia was separated from Virginia, was not a fair and full one; that they were excluded from participation in that decision, and that the whole body of the people, without reference to by-gones, ought to have the privilege of being heard.

What this means is apparent. The design is, gradually, to beat down the restrictions imposed on rebels, and sympathizers with rebels, reopen the whole question, and by the importation of influences and votes from the other side of the Blue Ridge, secure the recognition of Virginia with its old boundaries.

But still another element enters into this discussion. It is clai med that the abolition of slavery, and the new ideas and habits which must soon follow that amelioration, have removed those causes of irritation, which made the western counties uneasy and discontented in their association with the eastern ones. After what has transpired it would be singular if West Virginia should voluntarily relinquish her independent political existence, and go back to her old relation.

HAMILTON COUNTY, Ohio, paid during the last year, in internal taxes, the aggregate sum of $6,556,492. Of course, by far the larger part of this contribution was made by Cincinnati.

BILL FOR THE RELIEF OF CHAMBERSBURG.

We have received several copies of the bill of Mr. STUMBAUGH, presented to the Legislature for the relief of the people of Chambersburg and vicinity from the suffering entailed upon them by the rebel raid upon that town in 1864. It appropriates the sum of $500,000 for that purpose, and provides that the money shall be distributed *pro rata* among the sufferers by a commission to be appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin county.

The expression of public sentiment in favor of *some* measure of relief from the State Treasury, to those who were serious losers by the raid on Chambersburg, has been general throughout the State, and the legislature will undoubtedly feel authorised, in consonance therewith, to make an appropriation for that purpose. The only question is, how large shall the appropriation be? The idea of *full* indemnity for their losses has been abandoned by those who have introduced this measure, and the State is now asked simply to relieve them from the embarrassments caused by the loss and destruction of their property.

It is manifest that, in relieving distress, the Legislature must be guided by the extent of the distress, and of that the members can be only proper judges. The sum proposed in this bill seems to us rather large, and doubtless the framers of the bill have made what they would deem a liberal allowance in naming that sum. Of that, however, the members must judge from the evidence before them. If it is too large, they should cut it down to a point which they consider sufficient to cover the amount of relief it may be deemed prudent to expend.

We trust, however, that in fixing the amount, they will abandon all idea that the United States will reimburse the State for this allowance. We feel confident that that will never be done. Whatever the State gives it must give absolutely, without hope of reimbursement. The claim upon Congress, in this case, is a good one, but it will not be recognized, and for the reason that, to do so, would open a door which it is the interest of the nation to keep closely shut. Let all anticipations of that kind, therefore, be left out of view.

THE MEMBERS OF CONGRESS, it will be seen by our dispatches, are a little surprised that the President should seek to communicate his views to them upon the passage of the Constitutional Amendment now pending, by detailing them first "to a distinguished Senator," and then sending them to a telegraphic reporter of the Associated Press.

The Constitution provides that the President shall give to Congress "from time to time information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall deem necessary and expedient."

The first President did this by waiting upon Congress in person, and addressing the two Houses orally; but later in the history of the Government the plan of written messages, communicated direct to the two Houses, was devised, and this plan has been adhered to tenaciously up to the present time.

The plan just now adopted, of talking the matter over with a friend, and then sending the report of the conversation to the public by telegraph, leaving the members of Congress to find out the President's views by perusing the morning papers, has in it the merit of novelty, at least. It could not have been contemplated when the Constitution was framed; but the telegraph was not invented, then; and although the Capitol is only a mile from the White House, it may be the most speedy way to reach the members of Congress to send the message to New York first, by telegraph, leaving the mail to bring it back next day, in the form of newspapers. Be that as it may, however, we suppose the President has chosen this roundabout method of communication from the consciousness that as he has no constitutional right to pass upon any constitutional amendments that Congress may enact, so he has no right to communicate with them, directly, upon that subject, in a written message. Constitutional Amendments, when they pass Congress, do not go to the President for approval, but to the States; the President, therefore, has nothing to do with them, and he could not, with any propriety, send the two Houses a written message disapproving of any such amendments they may have under discussion. His views, therefore, communicated to Senator Dixon, the "distinguished Senator" alluded to, are to be simply taken as the views of an individual of exalted position upon that subject, but of one who, by the Constitution is precluded from officially acting upon it, and who cannot, for that reason, make an official communication upon it.

GEORGIA.—Reconstructed Georgia does not appear to be any more hearty in her zeal to reward the real Union men of the South, than the other Southern States. Hon. JOSHUA HILL, who is represented as a true Union man from the start and all through the war, received only 38 votes for United States Senator in the Georgia Legislature, to 162 for HERSHELL V. JOHNSTON, who participated actively in the rebellion. HILL can take the test oath; JOHNSTON cannot.

THE DRIFT IN KENTUCKY.—The Cincinnati *Commercial* has a dispatch from Frankfort, stating that a convention of late rebel officers will be held shortly, in Kentucky, to decide upon candidates whom they will unite upon at the coming August election. Things are coming to a pretty pass, when rebel officers can meet, *as such*, to throw their weight into the political scale.

A "DISTINGUISHED" SENATOR.—The Senator from Connecticut, with whom the President had his recent conversation, is called by the reporter of the Associated Press, "a distinguished Senator." For what, pray, is he distinguished? For tondyism? We know of nothing else.

WHY SOUTHERN SENATORS ARE IN WASHINGTON.—The Jackson (Miss.) *Clarion* of the 11th instant, says:

"It is no longer a secrect that our able Senators are remaining in Washington city at the earnest solicitation of the President, who is desirous of seeing the Southern States once more represented in the halls of Congress. Judge Sharkey would have returned home long since, but for the assurance of the President that he would be admitted, and his earnest desire to have his assistance in his efforts to do justice to the Southern people."

It is currently stated among military men high in rank, says the *National Intelligencer*, that Lieutenant General Grant will visit Europe during the present season, and will remain there several months. The incessant toil, anxiety and responsibility that have rested upon this distinguished soldier for the past five years certainly entitle him to a protracted leave of absence for purposes of recreation and renovation amid new scenery under European skies.

MR. ADAMS has been elected Honorary Fellow of the London Society of Antiquaries, in place of Mr. Everett. This is an honor rather grudgingly conferred, and therefore more highly prized than most similar honors are. The other Americans who are honorary fellows are, we believe, Messrs. George Ticknor Jared Sparks, Nathaniel B. Shurtleff, George Bancroft, Robert C. Winthrop, Joseph H. Ingersoll, and John Lothrop Motley.

FOUR additional money order offices are now established in Pennsylvania, viz: Bethelem, Clearfield, Mauch Chunck and Titusville. The money order business at these offices will commence on the 5th of February next. The whole number of money order offices in operation will be forty-one. A list of the money order offices in the United States can be seen at the Post Office.

A MAN claiming to be descended from a white father and a mother of mixed blood, offered his vote in Greene township, Mahoning county, Ohio, in the October and November elections of 1864, and was refused. Thereupon he brought a suit against the Trustees, and a jury has returned a verdict for the plaintiff, assessing his damages at one hundred dollars.

THE St. Louis Council have addressed a memorial to their Senator, Hon. B. Gratz Brown, asking Congress to construct a bridge over the Mississippi at that point. The saving in the cost of coal alone, it is claimed, would amount to $700,000, and many other important interests would be materially advanced.

GENERAL NEWS.

GRANT AND BUTLER.—It should not be supposed that, because Generals GRANT and BUTLER give to sharp mention of each other through their published reports, they entertain such bitterness of feeling that they cannot meet in the city. Within the last day or two they have met and chatted most amicably.—*New York Herald.*

ONE of the signs of growing "loyalty" in Kentucky is the recommendation by the Louisville *Courier* of John C. Breckinridge for a seat in the United States Senate. We have no doubt the legislature would elect him if accepted the President would pardon him.—*Cin. Gazette.*

A CONSTANTINOPLE journal relates a terrible accident which occurred lately at Arnaoutkoi. During the reconstruction of a marriage in a house in that place the roof suddenly fell in, and killed seventeen persons, including the bride and bridegroom, besides injuring many others.

A MAN named H. J. Barton, a resident of Perrysville, Pa., was instantly killed, on Friday morning last, by being struck on the head by a bridge, while standing on one of the cars of a freight train, a short distance above Moreytown.

THE St. Paul (Minn.) *Press* estimates the amount of wheat sent to market from that State during the year 1865 at 5,000,000 bushels. This gives forty-eight bushels for every inhabitant, man, woman and child, in the State.

AN Oil and Lumber Company was organized in Bryan, on Tuesday, with $1,000,000 capital stock. The field of operations is in Tennessee, near McMinnville. Eli Walton is President.

THE Mt. Vernon (O.) *Banner* says that a girl aged five, and a boy aged two years, children of William Maxwell, of Pleasant, were burned to death on Tuesday, by their clothes catching fire from matches, while their parents were absent.

IN Cleveland, Ohio, the cost of Internal Revenue collections last year was one per cent. In the District of Cuayahoga, Summit and Lake counties, the amount collected was $3,000,000, and the cost of collection was about $30,000.

THE earnings of the Metropolitan horse railroads, in Boston, since December 1st, show a gain of five hundred dollars a day over last year, and a daily decrease of five hundred dollars in the expenses

THE Treasurer's office of Mifflin county, Pa., was entered on Saturday night, the 20th, and the safe blown open and utterly destroyed with powder. The robbers got nothing for their trouble.

THE Common Council of Brooklyn have advertised for proposals to light the city with petroleum or gas, and will select which of the two they think the best and cheapest.

A STRIKING evidence of the decay into which the agricultural interests of South Carolina have fallen, is found in the fact that imported rice is now used at Charleston.

MISS ROSA MURRAY died in a fortune teller's chair in Brooklyn, the other day. The mysteries of the future were revealed to her without the idle gossiping of the soothsayer.

A NUMBER of vessels have been chartered to bring bananas from Jamaica to New York, for the manufacture of paper. It is found to produce a cheap and excellent article.

AN enormous trip hammer has just been set up in the Navy Yard at Charlestown, Mass. Its weight is one hundred and twenty-three tons, and its cost $35,000.

THERE is a rich farmer in Boscawen, N. H., who is sixty years old, and never took a newspaper, never sold in this town, and never has been over ten miles from home.

THE town of Niagara Falls has been compelled to pay $4,500 for the destruction of a disreputable house by a mob last summer.

THIRTEEN men were hung for murder in different parts of the United States, on Friday, the 19th inst.

ENGLISH papers speak of a boy preacher, thirteen years old, who collects crowded congregations to hear him.

A BILL has passed both branches of the Virginia Legislature, making death the penalty for horse stealing, at the option of the jury.

SENATOR SPRAGUE, of Rhode Island, has given $75,000 to the Methodist Seminary of East Greenwich.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

FEMALE EDUCATION.—The Spring session of H. M. TWINING'S SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES, will commence the FIRST OF FEBRUARY NEXT, Diamond Street, opposite the Court House, where I. few applicants can then be admitted ja20:2*eodtf

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—The parties who claim their pro rata share of the reward offered by Councils for the arrest and conviction of the parties who committed the murder on Boyd's Hill, shall appear before the Police Committee on THURSDAY EVENING, February 1st, at the Mayor's office, at 8 o'clock, and present their claims, when they will be identicated. Any one who can render the committee any information on the subject is respectfully invited to be present.

ja31 JOHN M. KILLEN, Chairman.

STOCKHOLDERS OF THE LINCOLN OIL AND MINING COMPANY will take notice that a Meeting will be held at their OFFICE, No. 4 Hand street, on FEBRUARY 9TH, at 3 o'clock, to elect officers for the ensuing year; also, to raise money to carry on the works of the Company. By order of the Board.

ja31:2td ROBT. WRAY, Jr., Sec'y.

CHERRY RUN CENTRAL OIL COMPANY, OFFICE, CORNER WOOD AND FIFTH STREETS, } PITTSBURGH, JANUARY 29, 1866. }

ALL PERSONS HOLDING CERTIFICATES OF STOCK in this Company and not transferred to them on the books of the Company, will find it to their interest, either to have the same transferred or notify the Secretary of their ownership. WM. F. GARDNER, Secretary.

ja27:wd

NATIONAL BANKS.

THE EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, JANUARY 29, 1866.

BY AUTHORITY FROM THE Comptroller of the Currency, the Directors of this Bank have declared a dividend of fifty per cent. out of the current profits, payable to the holders of stock to the amount of five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000), making the capital fifteen hundred thousand dollars ($1,500,000.)

Stockholders will have credit on the books of the Bank with the new share of fifty dollars for each two shares held on this twenty-sixth day of January, 1866.

Whether this allotment makes one-half of a share a portion of the dividend, the owner may complete the share by a payment of twenty-five dollars, or receive that amount in scrip, as he prefers. But this will cease upon the completion of the increase to the capital, when all remaining fractions will be paid in cash. ja27:2wd&wT) H. M. MURRY, Cash'r.

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE.—Proposals are invited and will be received by the Board of Directors of the Poor of the City of Allegheny, until Friday, the 2nd day of February next, from two to six o'clock p. m., for furnishing FIFTEEN HUNDRED unthrimmed, as may be ordered by said Directors, Proposals to be delivered at the Farm or either of the Cemeteries. Any further information can be obtained by calling on

WM. MCCANDLESS NIGLE, Secretary to Board of Directors, Third Story City Hall.

jy29:6d

CITY CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, January 26th, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at THIS OFFICE UNTIL SATURDAY, February 3d, 1866, at 3 o'clock, P. M., for supplying the city with STATIONERY AND BLANK BOOKS during the fiscal year, commencing February 1st, 1866.

ja27:td JOHN MCARGO, Controller.

EDUCATIONAL.

NORMAL CLASS.—There is a Class of Ladies meets EVERY SATURDAY MORNING in SHAFFER'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE Rooms, No. 54 Fifth street, Allegheny. All others wishing to join the class will please meet with us on NEXT SATURDAY, Feb. 3d. ja29:1wd

THE WEST CHESTER ACADEMY AND MILITARY INSTITUTE.—The Second Term of the Scholastic Year, commences on the 1st of February, and closes on the 25th of June next.

Boys and young Men thoroughly prepared for business or College. The Principal, who is also the head teacher, is assisted by TEN gentlemen of ability, tact and experience.

Having purchased the large and commodious School property near West Chester, lately occupied by the Pennsylvania Military Academy, he designs removing his School there in a few weeks After the removal the Military system will be abandoned.

The present location is admired by TEN DOLLARS PER SHARE shall be paid on and after February 1st, 1866, and then the organization of said reorganings. Two Dollars per share, shall be reserved in the Treasury as a sinking fund.

ja18:1m&w6 JOHN J. YOUNG, Secretary.

PORK PACKERS.

JAMES LIPPINCOTT,

Pork Packer,

Dealer in S. C. HAMS, BACON, BARREL PORK, DRIED BEEF, LARD, LARD OIL, GREASE, TALLOW, &c., would respectfully solicit a share of the trade, No. 22 SEVENTH STREET, Pittsburgh. fe1:3m

FARM IMPLEMENTS.

DRUM & SLACK,

Have on hand a Large Assortment of

MOWING MACHINES,

HORSE RAKES,

STRAW CUTTERS,

SCYTHES AND

HAY RAKES,

At No. 28 and 30 Ohio St., Allegheny

e18

REFRESHMENTS.

UNION SKATING PARK.—The RESTAURANT DEPARTMENT is now replete for furnishing ladies visiting the park with Meals and Refreshments in the Ladies' Reception Room. The Saloon it reserved exclusively for gentlemen requiring refreshments. The charges the same as at any other first-class Restaurant.

A still larger supply of Skates will be found at the Skate Room. ja31-1wd

BROOMS.

BROWNE'S UNIVERSAL BROOM. This is the most perfect BROOM ever invented, and the only one which will stand the test of time. Selling the "UNIVERSAL" presents opportunities for making money rarely to be met with. No patent right to buy, as we assign territory without charge. Good active agents wanted in every county in Pennsylvania. Send for Circular. Address J. H. HOWCROFT & CO., care of Jas. L. HAVEN & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio. ja31:2wdM

PYRITES.

THE PENNSYLVANIA

SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY

WILL BUY

PYRITES,

OR,

Sulphuret of Iron

Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Co's Office,

Corner Pitt Street and Duquesne Way.

de16:3m&wk

WANTS.

WANTED.—WAGONER.—A Sober and industrious DRIVER can find steady employment. Apply at REYMER & BROS., Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.—By a Young Man, in a Store, Warehouse or Machinery. He was brought up on a farm; has a fair education, and will try to make himself useful. Address "GAZETTE" Office. ja31:3t

WANTED.—AGENTS.—To sell a work of absorbing interest and permanent value—"Grant and his Campaigns;" by Henry Coppee, Major-General Sherman and Brig.-General Col. Bowman. For particulars, apply to or address A. ELLIS, 67 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

5tem

WANTED.—$1,500 PER YEAR! We want AGENTS everywhere to sell our IMPROVED TWENTY-DOLLAR SEWING MACHINES, three new kinds, under and upper feed; warranted five years. Above salary or large commission paid. The ONLY Machine sold in United States for less than $20, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Sackett's.* All other cheap Machines are INFRINGEMENTS. Circulars free. Address or call on SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine.

de9:6eod&wMW

WANTED.—AGENTS.—EMPLOYMENT FOR RETURNED SOLDIERS AND ALL OTHERS.—Great Sale of Jewelry, Silverware, &c., &c. The Brilliant Chromo's GREAT GIFT DISTRIBUTION. Our agents are making from Five to Thirty Dollars per day, and we need still more. Late soldiers only wanted. We have invested our stock in over One Million Dollars. A splendid assortment of Watches, Rings, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Jewelry of all kinds, of the most fashionable patterns, selling at $1 each. Send 25 cents for certificate, and you will see what you get. Then send $1 for five certificates, or $5 for thirty; or send a 3-cent stamp for our terms to agents, which are of the most liberal kind. Mention this paper. Write plainly your name, city, county and state, to HAMILTON & CO., Box 5676, P. O., New York. Salesroom, 36 Liberty street, New York. no30:3m

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, the Stock and Interest of one of the BEST MILLINERY AND CLOAK ESTABLISHMENTS IN ALLEGANY CITY, as the proprietors is about to quit business. Address Lock Box No. 124, Allegheny City. ja27:2w

FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH.—The Stock and Improvements, with the Lease for three years, on one of the best STANDS on Federal street, now doing a good business in Stoves, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware, would make a good chance for a Hardware Store. The present owner is about to remove to the East. Inquire at No. 96 Federal st., Allegheny. ja31:3td

FOR SALE—IOWA LAND—$1,600 —ABOUT FOUR HUNDRED AND THIRTY ACRES OF LAND, situated near Webster City, Hamilton county, Iowa, on the line of the Pacific Railroad, is offered for sale for SIXTEEN HUNDRED DOLLARS, cash. Address "OWNER," GAZETTE OFFICE. ja26:4t

FOR SALE—155 acres of Coal, situate in Smith Township, Washington county, Penna., near the line of the Steubenville Railroad, at Midway Station, about 21 miles from the city. For further particulars, and terms of sale, H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent, No. 161 Fourth street, or to WILLIAM C. CAMPBELL, on the premises. ja20:tf

FOR SALE—The Contents, Fixtures and Good Will of a Grocery Store, now doing a good business and in a good location. The above can be purchased upon liberal terms, if applied for soon, as the owner is about leaving the place. Apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of G. S. BATES, Butler street, Lawrenceville

ja31

FOR SALE—Two small Brick Houses in the First Ward, Allegheny, on Robinson street, Nos. 2 and 4; six rooms each, in good order. Will be sold cheap. Also, two small Farms, to suit purchasers, for sale or exchange for city property. Inquire of RAMSEY & HALL, Real Estate Agents, No. 91 Beaver street, Allegheny. ja31:1wd

SOUTH COMMON PROPERTY FOR SALE.—Thirty feet front by 230 deep to an alley, with large Dwelling House, well arranged and in good order, with two large parlors, dining room, kitchen and 5 or 6 chambers; gas and water fixtures. Persons wishing to purchase a beautiful residence in a good location, are invited to examine this desirable property.

jy21 S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 51 Market st.

FOR SALE—160 acres of first-rate Land, situated in Texas county, Missouri. This tract was chosen with care by a friend, who took care for a friend. Will sell the whole for $480. Apply soon.

Also, that neat Country Seat, three acres, full of choice fruit, good house, barn, &c., 3 miles from the city. Price $6,000. Apply to P. McLAIN & CO., ja31 Real Estate Broker, 85 Fourth street.

FOR SALE.—A first class Residence, containing 11 rooms, finished in modern style, with marble mantles, gas in every room, with hot and cold water, bath room, &c., with good stable and ice-house; Lot 30 feet front by 173 feet deep, situated in Allegheny, on Fifth street, 1 1-2 acres of Timber Land, situate in Ross county, Pa., within a few miles of Pittsburgh and Erie Railroad, and adjoining Sharpsburg. Enquire of ALEXANDER VAN EUWER, No. 107 Fifth street. ja24:tf&wk

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A well finished two-story NEW HOUSE on Wylie street, near corner of Chatham, with wide hall, double parlors, dining room and kitchen on first floor; seven rooms corresponding on second floor; marble mantles; slate roof; large yard; within a few minutes' walk of the Post Office, on the line of two railroads, a most convenient two story Brick, containing four large rooms, with two-story back building of same length of building. Inquire of Dr. STERRETT, 277 Penn street. ja24:3td

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—A Frame House, and Lot, situated at McCoy's Station, on the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad, opposite the Station. House contains six rooms and Store Room, and has been used as a store for a number of years. The location as good, as there is an excellent country trade. For terms and particulars, apply to OWEN McGARVEY, or J. KENNEDY, 78 Federal street, Allegheny. ja22:2wd

FOR SALE CHEAP.

A HANDSOME PROPERTY,

OF FIVE ACRES, in McClure township, adjoining the property of James Dunlap, on the Railroad. The improvements are a plain Frame Dwelling, Frame Barn, &c., a Vineyard of one acre, six years old; balance of ground filled with whole Fruit Trees, in full bearing. A delightful building site on the place can be easily got to by the Beaver road or Woods' Run street Cars.

Apply to JAMES T. SAMPLE, No. 8 Federal st., Allegheny, or JOHN CARNAHAN, No. 1034 Walnut street, Philadelphia. ja23:tf

FOR SALE—WHITE OAK LUMBER.—100,000 feet of 2 inch plank, 12 to 18 feet long; 50,000 feet of 3 inch plank, 12 to 18 feet long, to be delivered on Pittsburgh or Allegheny. Cross ties, Flow Beams and Fit Posts. Mills at West Middlesex, on line of Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad, Mercer county, Pa. Address H. K. WICK & CO., West Middlesex, Mercer Co., Pa., or THOS. N. MILLER, Box 1477, or No. 4 St. Clair st., Pittsburgh. ja15:lmd

FOR SALE—A Valuable Country Residence at Edgewood Station, Pennsylvania Railroad, nine miles from Pittsburgh. Consisting of Eleven acres 126 perches of Land; a fine new Dwelling containing ten rooms and cellar underneath; Fruit and Shade trees in the greatest variety. For further information, call at No. 103 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, or on the premises. J. S. KING.

no7:dtf

FOR SALE, WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, THE MOUNT HOPE PROPERTY, AT WOODS' RUN STATION.—Fifteen acres of Land, a Brick 10 roomed House and Barn, plenty of soft water and fruit of all kinds; ten minutes' walk from Manchester street Depot, Allegheny. Enquire of the subscriber, at his MACHINE AND OIL TOOL WORKS, 22 and 24 Ohio street, Allegheny. oct3:2md

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—No. 33 Diamond Alley; a THREE STORY BRICK STORE. Enquire at the EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK. ja31:tf

FOR RENT—STEAM GRIST MILL, situate on the Monongahela River, in McKeesport, a STEAM GRIST MILL, with four run of burrs, with abundant power, and excellent machinery in good order. The Mill is well located for business, and offers a rare opportunity to a practical miller. Possession will be given when sold. Title indisputable. For further information, apply on the premises, or address by mail, GEO. SMITH, McKeesport, Pa. ja17:1mw

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF GLASGOW OIL COMPANY, } PITTSBURGH, Feb. 1st, 1866. }

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF GLASGOW OIL COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of TWO PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, payable to Stockholders on and after the 12th inst., at the office of the Treasurer, 129 Liberty street.

Transfer Books will be closed from the 8th to 13th inst. fe1:2td J. L. MARSHALL, Treas.

OFFICE OF PEARL OIL COMPANY, } PITTSBURGH, January 26th, 1866. }

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF the Pearl Oil Refining Company have declared a dividend of ten per cent. out of the net earnings of the last six months, ending December 31st, 1865, a dividend of TEN DOLLARS PER SHARE shall be paid on and after February 1st, 1866, and then the organization of said reorganings. Two Dollars per share, shall be reserved in the Treasury as a sinking fund.

ja26:10d JOHN J. YOUNG, Secretary.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c

McCALLUM'S CARPET STORE

No. 87 Fourth Street

Mosaic and Aixminster Rugs

VELVET RUGS,

Embroidered Piano Covers,

SHEEPSKIN MATS.

VELVET HASOCKS

ja8 And every description of Carpets.

REDUCTION IN PRICE OF

CARPETS,

Preparatory to taking our Annual Inventory, and making our purchases for Spring, we shall offer for TWENTY DAYS, liberal concessions in prices our choice and extensive stock of

Carpets, four Oil Cloths, Window Shades Damask, Rep and Lace Curtains, Cornices, Tassels, Loops and Bands.

Enabling our customers to make HOLIDAY PRESENTS of perhaps value at very moderate expense. McFARLAND & COLLINS, 71 and 73 Fifth street. de27 Next House to the Post Office

RE-PLATING.

LADIES, SAVE YOUR MONEY. By having your Old Table Ware RE-PLATED WITH SILVER. CASTORS, TEA SETS, WAITERS, FORKS, ICE PITCHERS, KNIVES, SPOONS, CAKE BASKETS, &c.

Can all be re-plated and made to LOOK AND WEAR EQUAL TO NEW AT A SMALL COST. JOHN M. CORNWELL, de12:6mTh No. 7 St. Clair Street.

FOUND.

FOUND—A Pocket Book, near the Post Office, Allegheny City, which the owner can have by calling at McCLINTOCK'S SHOE STORE, No. 92 Federal street, and paying for this advertisement. ja29:2d

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE Making Appropriations for the year 1866.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same,* That the Rates of Wharfage on Steam Boats, Keel Boats, Barges, Flat Boats and Flats, be and they were hereby increased twenty-five per centum over and above the present schedule.

SEC. 2. That the percentage on the receipts of Real Estate Agents in this city is hereby increased twenty-five per centum of the gross receipts.

SEC. 3. That all Ordinances or parts of Ordinances, so far as they are inconsistent herewith, be and they are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 29th day of January, A. D., 1866.

JAMES McAULEY, President of Select Council.

Attest: E. E. MORROW, Clerk of Select Council.

THOMAS STEELE, President of Common Council.

Attest: HUGH McMASTER, Clerk of Common Council.

ja31:2td

AN ORDINANCE Increasing the Rates of Wharfage, and the per centage to the City by Board Measurers.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same,* That the Rates of Wharfage on Steam Boats, Keel Boats, Barges, Flat Boats and Flats, be and they were hereby increased twenty-five per centum over and above the present schedule.

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ja31:2td

AUCTION SALES.

VERY GREAT BARGAINS

AT

M'CLELLAND'S AUCTION EMPORIUM.

55 and 57 Fifth Street.

BLANKETS,

White, Brown and Gray at Reduced Prices;

FURS AT THE BEST OFFERS;

Woolen and Winter Goods

OF ALL KINDS, VERY CHEAP;

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters,

AND

Over Shoes,

At the Usual Low Prices.

ja29:3&wT

VALUABLE BUSINESS AND DWELLING PROPERTY AT AUCTION.—The following desirable and centrally located property will be sold at Public Sale, on the premises, on Tuesday, February 6th, at 3 o'clock p. m.

No. 273 Liberty street, a Brick Hand street and Garrison Alley, at present occupied by Alex. King, Esq., being 20 feet front by 80 feet deep, which is erected substantial 3 story Brick Dwellings, containing each 8 rooms and cellar, with gas throughout, one having a brick and one a frame stable in rear.

No. 276 Penn street, between Hand street and Garrison alley, having a front of 20 feet 7¾ inches, extending back 107 feet 6 inches to a 20 feet alley.

LOTS Nos. 288 and 290

Penn street, adjoining above Warehouse, having each a front of 20 feet 7¾ inches, extending back 107 feet 6 inches to a 20 foot alley, on which is erected substantial 3 story Brick Dwellings, containing each 8 rooms and cellar, with gas throughout, one having a brick and one a frame stable in rear.

Terms at sale. Possession given on all or either of the above at April 1st, 1866. For further particulars inquire of WM. GORMLEY, 281 Liberty street, or at 55 and 57 Fifth street.

ja29:td T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct'r.

FURNITURE, BEDDING, SPRING BEDS AND SUNDRIES AT AUCTION.—On Thursday morning, Feb. 1st, at 10 o'clock, at Masonic Hall, on Diamond Alley, we will receive and sell without reserve, to close out lots, a large quantity of Household Goods, embracing handsome Walnut Dressing Case, Extension Dining Stands, Turned-post, Cottage and Low-post Bedsteads, Cane Seat and Wood Seat Chairs, Parlor Suits, Wardrobes, Sewing Machines, New Spring Beds, Feather Beds, Mattresses, Comforts, Quilts, Sheets, Blankets, Spreads, Pillow and Bolster Cases, Table Cloths, Venition Blinds, Clocks, Cook Stoves, handsome new Oil Lamps, Gas and Oil Chandeliers, Queensware, Children's Wagons, Gocarts, Velocipeds, Baskets, Willow Ware, new and second-hand Carpets, Matting, &c.

ja30 T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct'r.

CLOTHING, GENTS' UNDERWEAR &c.—TO THE TRADE.—THURSDAY MORNING, Feb. 1st, at 10 o'clock, will be sold in the Auction Salesroom, No. 55 Fifth street, a large invoice of superior Clothing, Underwear &c., entirely fresh goods, and in the latest styles, comprising Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, Merino Shirts and Drawers, Shetland Shirts and Drawers, Gentlemen's Merino Socks, Fancy Plaid Shirts, Grey Flannel Shirts, Neck Ties, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders &c., Moscow Beaver and Plush Cloth Overcoats, Frock and Dress Coats, Sack and English Walking Coats, Boys Clothing, &c. The Goods can be examined on Wednesday afternoon, and morning of sale. The attention of the Trade invited to the sale, which includes a great number of other articles in the line.

ja29 A. McILWAINE, Auct.

SIDE BOARD, LOUNGES, &c., AT AUCTION.—Will be sold on THIS (Thursday) MORNING, in connection with the Furniture already advertised, at Masonic Hall Auction House, 55 and 57 Fifth street, one handsome Mahogany Side Board; ten Walnut and Cherry Lounges, one Office Desk; 12 Walnut Side Tables, long narrow Tables, Bureaus, fine Walnut Bedsteads, cane Seat and Sofa Seat Chairs and R

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1865.

ADVERTISING RATES

Established by the Press of Pittsburgh

STANDING MATTER,

One Square of Ten Lines, Eight Words to the Line, or 3-4 Inch Space.

TIME.	Daily.	1 w. & 3 t. a week	2 t. a week	1 t. a week
One time	75			
Two times	1 25			
Three times	1 75			
Four times	2 20			
Five times	2 60			
Six times, one week	3 00	2 00	1 50	1 00
Seven times	3 40			
Eight times	3 75			
Nine times	4 10			
Ten times	4 50			
Eleven times	4 75			
Twelve times, 2 weeks	5 00	3 25	2 50	1 75
Three weeks	7 00	5 00	3 50	2 50
One month	9 00	6 00	4 50	3 00
Two months	15 00	10 00	7 50	5 00
Three months	18 00	12 00	9 00	6 00
Six months	33 00	22 00	16 50	11 00
One year	54 00	36 00	27 00	18 00

CHANGEABLE ONCE A WEEK.

One month	11 00	7 00	5 50	4 00
Two months	17 00	11 50	8 50	6 00
Three months	24 00	16 00	12 00	8 00
Six months	42 00	28 00	21 00	14 00
One year	72 00	48 00	36 00	24 00

RECONSTRUCTED REBELS.

Mr. BENJAMIN G. HUMPHREYS, Governor of Mississippi, has recently issued the following Proclamation:

"*Whereas*, Section 6, of an act of the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, entitled 'An act authorizing the issuance of Treasury notes as advance upon cotton, approved December 14, 1863, provided that whenever the present blockade of the ports of the Confederate States shall be removed—which shall be determined by the proclamation of the Governor declaring the fact, 'the Governor shall, by said proclamation, require all persons to whom advances may have been made, to deliver the number of bales of cotton upon which they have received an advance, in accordance, with their respective receipts, within ninety days from the date of said proclamation:'

"Now, therefore, I, Benjamin G. Humphreys, Governor of the State of Mississippi, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the constitution and laws of said State, do hereby proclaim that the blockade of the ports of the Confederate States has been removed; and I do require all persons to whom advances have been made to deliver the number of bales of cotton upon which they have received an advance, in accordance with their respective receipts on file in the Auditor's office, within 90 days from the date of this proclamation."

Several points brought out in this Proclamation must be held up for animadversion:

1. The Governor recognizes the fact that Mississippi was out of the United States, and was in the Confederate States. No intimation is dropped that this going out of the old government and into a new one, was unconstitutional and void.

2. So far from this, the Governor takes it for granted that it is now his official duty to recognize and execute laws, not only passed while Mississippi was in rebellion, but passed in subordination to the government of the Confederate States.

3. This account of the condition of the revolted States differs totally from the position of President Johnson, which is, that they never were out of the Union, but have always been in it.

4. Until the States lately in revolt ignore entirely their connection with the Government of the Confederate States, and distinctly on the ground that such connection is unconstitutional, it will be difficult to convince loyal men that they are so reconstructed in their feelings and intentions as to make it safe to re-admit them to full participation in the privileges of members of the Union.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Duke of Mecklenburg Schwerin, recently married to a niece of the King of Prussia, is a notorious drunkard and a rake, well known under the sobriquet of Prince Schnapps. His brother, the reigning Grand Duke of that State, having declined to pay his debts, he fled to Brazil, where he occupied anything but an enviable position. It was after his return to Prussia that, from his scandalizing his disreputable antecedents, the King of Prussia selected him as the husband of his niece, and caused the marriage to be celebrated with all the medieval flummery and pomp of bygone feudal ages.

Failure of the French Iron-Clads.—The London *Times'* Paris correspondent says: "A discovery has been made at Toulon, where the iron-plated frigate Provence is undergoing repairs, which shows the danger that menaces the entire iron-coated fleet of France. The Provence was fitted for sea only fifteen months since, and already a great number of her plates are nearly consumed with rust. The Director of Naval Architecture is of opinion that a composition be not discovered to prevent the action of rust, the iron-plated fleet must be renewed every five years."

Queer Coroner.—Mr. Philip North, a native of England, and for many years a citizen of Bellefonte, was found dead on the floor of the Presbyterian church in that place, on Saturday evening. Mr. North was sexton of the church, and was, previously to the discovery of his dead body, engaged in his duties of attending the fires, and preparing the church for the Sunday services.

Mr. Wilson's new West Point bill requires that candidates for cadetships shall pass an examination in geography. Considering the views held by some graduates of that institution on the obligation of oaths, we think Mr. Wilson should add political morality to his requirements. But what excuse is there for enlarging the number of pupils at West Points?

The young King of Bavaria has met with a severe disappointment. He was engaged to be married to the daughter of the ex-Duke of Modena, and would by her have become possessed of a very large fortune. The recognition of the Kingdom of Italy by Bavaria has induced the father of the *fiancee* to break off the match.

John C. Donon, an aged and retired merchant residing in Brooklyn, while attempting to cross Broadway, near Dey street, yesterday, was caught between a pie wagon and truck, and fatally injured. The occurrence was accidental. Coroner Wilder will hold an inquest on the body to-day.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

The severest punishment we would inflict upon those Northern journalists who ridicule the apprehension that the Union men of the South would be in danger of persecution by the rebels, if National protection should be withdrawn, would be to compel them to live in a rebel country.—*Nashville Press.*

Destroyed by Fire.—The house of Richard Hartsock, of Liberty, Tioga county, Pa., was consumed by fire on Friday, the 5th inst. The house was occupied at the time by Ira Hart, who lost a portion of his personal property. The total loss is estimated at $2,000. No insurance. Origin of fire unknown.

Edward Steward, Past Grand Master of Free and Accepted Masons of the State of New Jersey, died at the residence of his son-in-law, in Newark, N. J., after a protracted illness, at 7 o'clock Monday evening.

There were 494 deaths in New York last week—29 men, 108 women, 161 boys and 127 girls —increase of 66 from the previous week, and a decrease of two over the same time in 1865.

The Grand Jury of Mercer county, New Jersey, has "presented" the students of Princeton College for their lawless conduct.

Pittsburgh.

Veiled in thick clouds, shut in by shelving hills,
The city of a thousand forges lies,
Nor feels the pleasant glow of sunny skies.
Hard toil have they who, in her thundering mills,
Stir the white-heated metal, or draw out
The lengthening bar, or at the ponderous wheel
Turn the huge shaft and shape the edging steel.
How like a hell from pit and chimney spout
The tumbling smoke and lapping flames that light
The sky like torches, and reflected quiver
Along the tremulous surface of the river.
Unlovely though she be, in Freedom's might
Her strong hands build buttress, and tower and fortlet—
The iron gateway to the golden West.
—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

A letter from Tuscaloosa, Ala., dated January 13th, 1866, says: "Mr. McGowen the assessor for the counties of Tuscaloosa, Pickens, Green and Sumpter, says, that in Sumpter county, the people refuse to be assessed for Internal Revenue; that they dont believe the war is ended, and that they are ready to take up arms at any moment.

There are four negroes in jail at Tuscaloosa, tried at the late Circuit Court (Judge Mudd, whose father was from Georgetown, D. C., presiding), under sentence of death to be hung, in February, *for larceny*. There is also one sentenced, by the same court to ninety-nine years in the penitentiary, for stealing a watch.

At Eutah, in Green county, a negro girl has been in jail four months, for breaking a plate. Everywhere throughout reconstructed Alabama, the negroes are most cruelly persecuted. The jails are full of them arrested on the most trivial pretexts.

These things are done under the code of the Confederacy, which was retained by that convention which reconstructed Alabama. Such laws were unknown before Secession, and the nation has coolly abandoned its allies to the vengeance of the common foe.—*Reconstructionist.*

Ohio Tobacco.—The Indian weed is grown more or less in every county of the State of Ohio, Montgomery county leading off, viz:

	Pounds.		*Pounds.*
Montgomery	7,730,223	Belmont	2,248,344
Brown	2,684,503	Clermont	1,969,756
Greene	1,519,943	Miami	1,945,154
Monroe	3,340,593	Preble	1,761,959
Noble	4,289,168	Preble	1,114,929
Warren	1,400,515	Washington	1,548,836
Butler	887,441	Darke	328,409
Guernsey	969,227	Hocking	334,104
Shelby	321,421	Highlands	242,445
Lawrence	268,502	Athens	683,370
Ashtabula	983,096	Hamilton	119,223

The Third Congressional District raised 11,121,209 pounds. There are a number of other counties that produce large amounts. Total in the State, 37,922,325 pounds in the year 1864.

Strange Bridal Story.—A strange story is told of two sisters at Berlin. About three years ago one of the young ladies was engaged to be married, but on the bridal morning became so ill that she could not possibly go to the church. The arrangements were undoubtedly one, and he was a rash boy, it seems, had not been easily hooked. There was, therefore, great danger in delay, so instead of postponing the marriage they took the sister, covering herself with a long veil, personated the first, and duly went through the ceremony. The moment it was over the bride fainted and the bridal cake and ornaments to her sister, who was thus considered to have all proper claim to this husband she married by proxy. It is only recently that a discovery has been made of the real facts, and proceedings are about to be taken, not only in the civil, but in the criminal courts of Berlin.

The New York *Times* says: "The personal effects of Homer G. Hubbell, the missing cashier and defaulter of the Missisquoi Bank, at Sheldon, Vt., will be sold at auction, commencing on the 28th inst. They consist of stock, sheep, horses and carriages, clothing, a piano, household furniture of every description, and about 1,000 gallons of rum, brandies, and malt liquors; and also four gold watches. The above property includes an extraordinary amount of clothing and boots, such as twenty-five pairs of pants, twenty pairs of boots, but very little rum, fifteen vests, and a number of overcoats. He had evidently provided against a 'rainy day,' for twenty-one umbrellas were among his effects."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **AYER'S AGUE CURE, for the** speedy cure of *Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague, Remittent Fever, Bilious Fever, Periodical Headache or Bilious Headache, and Bilious Fevers, indeed for the whole class of diseases originating in the disordered Liver, caused by the Malaria of miasmatic countries.*

Fever and Ague is not the only consequence of the miasmatic poison. A great variety of disorders arises from its irritation, in malarious districts, among which are Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Headache, Blindness, Toothache, Catarrh, Asthma, Palpitation, Painful Affection of the Spleen, Hysterics, Nervous Affections, Nervousness, and Derangement of the Stomach, all of which, when originating in this cause put on the intermittent type, or put on it when they occur, and explain the poison from the blood, and thus cure them all alike. It is not only the most effectual remedy ever discovered for this class of complaints, but it is the cheapest and moreover is perfectly safe. No harm can arise from its use, and the patient when cured is left as healthy as if he had never had the disease. Can this be said of any other cure for Chills and Fever? It is true of this. Be not imposed upon. Those afflicted with the complaint cannot be over estimated. So sure is it to cure the Fever and Ague, that it may be truthfully said to be a certain remedy. One Dealer complains that it is not a good medicine to sell because one bottle cures a whole neighborhood.

Prepared by J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., and sold by R. A. FAHNESTOCK'S SON & CO., and by all Druggists. ja30-lawsw F

☞ **RETROUVA'S TURKISH** JANDOLENIAN (AIR TONIC)
THE DRESSING AND RESTORER OF THE AGE
TURKISH BANDOLENIAN.

Retrouva's Turkish Cocoaine.—What can be more acceptable than anything that will beautify? that will restore nature's decay by stopping the hair from falling out, restore it to its natural color, making it to grow in luxuriance and beauty, assist in putting it up according to the present style and fashion and keep it in any position? *Retrouva's Turkish Bandolenian Hair Tonic* will do, and for proof we refer you to any person who has tried it. It is acknowledged to be the beautifier of the age, the only Hair Tonic and Restorer worthy of the name. In Turkey, in Egypt, in Russia, in America—everywhere where the "Bandolenian" is known it is pronounced the *ne plus ultra* of Hair Preparations. Remember, it is free from all the deleterious ingredients that are contained in most Hair Colors and dressings, it is the essence of many flowers and herbs, beautifully put up, an ornament to the toilet.

For sale by all Druggists and Perfumers, wholesale.
R. E. SELLERS & CO.
E. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.
Principal Depot for United States and Canadas,
JAMES TURNER & CO.,
No. 429 Market street,
de10:2meod&wT Philadelphia.

☞ **PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS**
HUBBARD, BRO. & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT GROUND CIRCULARS,

Warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description. Mill, Muley, Cross-Cut, Gang, and all other varieties.

All kinds of KNIVES and SPRINGS, made from Sheet Cast-Steel: Extra Refined REAPER AND MOWING KNIVES, &c.

☞ Warehouse and Works, corner WATER and SHORT STREETS, Pittsburgh.

Particular attention paid to re-toothing, gumming and setting Saws. Saws also, repaired of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. ap25:1y

☞ **WM. BARNHILL & CO.**
Boiler Makers & Sheet Iron Workers,
Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn street.

Having secured a larger yard, and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS, in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. CHIMNEYS, BREECHING, FIRE BEDS, STEAM PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, CONDENSERS, SALT PANS, TANKS, OIL STILLS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, BOILER IRON, BRIDGES, SALT PANS and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS. Repairing done on the shortest notice. de8-1f

☞ **LAKE SUPERIOR**
COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS
PITTSBURGH.
PARK, McCURDY & CO.

Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED COPPER BOTTOMS, SPELTER SOLDER. Also, Importers and Dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, at the Mill, a large stock of Yellow Sheathing, Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST and 120 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. ap26-1y

GEO. REITER. ..... J. F. HOLLMAN
D. REITER. ..... W. D. BEELER.

☞ **LA BELLE STEEL WORKS.**
REITER & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CAST STEEL, SPRING, PLOW AND BOLSTER STEEL;

Manufacturers of CAST STEEL; SPRING, PLOW and BOLSTER STEEL; SPRINGS, AXLES, CROWBARS, &c.

☞ Office, No. 96 WATER STREET (up stairs), Pittsburgh, Pa. jy22

☞ **ROBINSON, REA & CO., (Successors to JOSEPH ROBINSON & MINER MILLER.)**
WASHINGTON WORKS,
Foundery & Machinists, Pittsburgh.

Manufacturers of BOAT AND STATIONERY STEAM ENGINES, BLAST ENGINES, MILL MACHINERY, CASTINGS of all descriptions, GEARINGS of all descriptions, OIL TANKS and STILLS, BOILER AND SHEET IRON WORK.

☞ Agents for the discovery of all impurities in feeding boilers.

☞ **JOHN COCHRAN & BRO.,**
Manufacturers of IRON VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS, IRON RAILING, WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., No. 75 SECOND and 86 THIRD STREET, between Wood and Market, have on hand a variety of new patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for this season.

☞ Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing at short notice. and

☞ **MANHOOD! HOW LOST—** HOW RESTORED!—Just Published, in a sealed envelope. Price six cents. A LECTURE ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT and Radical Cure of Nervousness, or Debility, Nervous Decline, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c., by ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "*Green Book*," &c. A BOON TO THOUSANDS OF SUFFERERS, "Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *post paid*, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by Dr. J. C. KLINE, 127 Bowery, New York. Post Office Box 4,586. no7:2md&wT

☞ **TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS,**
OF BOTH SEXES.—A reverend gentleman having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing the usual routine and irregular expensive modes of treatment without success, considers it his sacred duty to communicate to his afflicted fellow-creatures the means of cure. Hence, on the receipt of an addressed envelope, he will send, *free*, a copy of the prescription used.

Direct to Dr. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186 Fulton street, N. Y. no17-lyd&w

☞ **SENT FREE.—A Pamphlet** of immense importance to the old and young, married and single, of both sexes, will be sent free by addressing, with stamp enclosed, the Rev. A. KENDRICK & CO., Box 75, Boston Post Office. my30:1yd&w

☞ **THE BRIDAL CHAMBER;**
OR,
AN ESSAY OF WARNING AND INSTRUCTION FOR YOUNG MEN. Also, new and reliable treatment of the Urinary and Sexual System. Address Dr. J. SKILLEN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. ap1-1y

PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.

THE BRADBURY, NEW YORK,
AND
Schomacker & Co., Philadelphia,
PIANOS.
The Estey & Co.'s Cottage Organ,
AND AMERICAN ORGAN.

Acknowledged by the best musical talent in the United States to be superior to to all others in power, purity and quality of tone, and thorough workmanship.

These instruments have for years aken the first premiums, over all all competitors, at the various State and County Fairs, in prices they are lower than any others. All warranted for five years.

WAMELINK & BARR,
No. 12 St, Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
jy24

NOW BEING RECEIVED,
THAT ELEGANT STOCK OF
CHICKERING PIANOS.

Selected personally by the subscriber, during a recent visit to the Factory.

SEVENTEEN INSTRUMENTS

are now open, and ready for examination, and the public are invited to call and see them.

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

CHARLES C. MELLOR,
81 Wood Street.

KNABE'S GREAT UNRIVALLED
PIANOFORTES.—These Instruments are superior to any other in regard to tone, touch, workmanship and durability.

KNABE'S SQUARE PIANO all have the new Improved Grand Scale and Agraffe Treble.

CHARLOTTE BLUME, 43 Fifth street, Sole Agent for the above, and also for Haines Bros.' Celebrated Piano and Prince's Organs and Melodeons. ja19

PIANO AT A BARGAIN.—Splendid Rosewood Seven Octave Piano, carved legs and pedal improved, from France, overstrung bass, in use only three months; cost $500; will be sold for $400. Also, one Six Octave Upright second hand Piano. Price $100. CHARLOTTE BLUME.
ja9 Second door above Wood street.

DENTISTRY.

JOSEPH ADAMS, Dentist, Connelly's Building, corner of DIAMOND and RANT streets, Pittsburgh. REFERENCES, Dr. A Pollock, Dr. Hallock, Theodore Robbins, Russell Reth.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
J. ESSEX and MANAGER.....WM. HENDERSON
Last night but one of the great artists, MESS. W. LANDER, forming a star

MISS JEAN M. DAVENPORT,
Who will, by desire, appear as LEONIE AUBRAY,
THIS (Thursday) EVENING, the management will, by particular desire, present the beautiful play, in five acts, written expressly for Mrs. Lander, entitled

MISALLIANCE;
OR, FAITH AND FALSEHOOD.
Leonie Arnauld, a Portrait Painter.....Mrs. Lander.
FRIDAY, Benefit of Mrs. F. W. LANDER.
In active preparation, ARRAH NA POGUE.

OPERA HOUSE.
LESSEE AND MANAGERESS.....ANNIE EBERLE.
Last night but two of the beautiful young Comedienne and Prima Donna,

MISS EMILIE MELVILLE,
Who will appear in two great characters.
Last night but two of the Skatarial Queen,

MISS CARRIE A. MOORE.
THURSDAY EVENING, will be presented the new and beautiful comedy of
KATTY O'SHEAL.
Clog Hornpipe.....D. Sullivan.
Skating Carnival, by Miss CARRIE A. MOORE.
To conclude with the
SWEDISH NIGHTINGALE.
FRIDAY, Benefit of Miss EMILIE MELVILLE.

CONCERT AT MANSFIELD.

A GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL
CONCERT
WILL BE GIVEN IN THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, MANSFIELD, ON
Thursday Evening, Feb. 1st,
(TO RAISE FUNDS FOR RENOVATING THE BUILDING,)

In which the young ladies and gentlemen of the neighborhood will take part, assisted by some of the BEST MUSICAL ARTISTS IN THE CITY.

Tickets, 50 cents, to be had at the door. Doors open at 7 o'clock P. M.

The Piano to be used on the occasion has been kindly furnished by Mr. C. C. MELLOR.

A SPECIAL TRAIN
will run from Pittsburgh on that evening, leaving the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot at 6:10 P. M., and South Pittsburgh about 6:25 P. M.; returning at 11:00 P. M. ja30:3t&d

LECTURES.

TENNYSON CLUB LECTURES.

MRS. DR. HENRY S. OILES
Will give one of her celebrated Readings, under the auspices of the Tennyson Club, at
MASONIC HALL,
Thursday Evening, February 1st.
SUBJECT—SHAKSPEARE.
Tickets for sale at the principal Music and Drug Stores. No reserved seats.

COMMITTEE:

J. R. BUTTERFIELD,	J. DWIGHT BALL,
THOS. M. BAYNE,	STEPHEN WOODS,
FRANK W. KENNEDY,	GEO. I. WHITNEY,
H. RICHARD DAVIS,	

ja30:3t JOS. M. GAZZAM, Sec'y.

SEWING MACHINES.

WHEELER & WILSON'S
LOCK-STITCH
SEWING MACHINES
Are universally acknowledged as the Cheapest, Simplest and Best, having been awarded the Gold Medal at the London and Paris Exhibitions,
ALL THE MACHINES IN THE WORLD COMPETING
Warranted for Three Years.
SEND FOR A CIRCULAR TO
WM. SUMNER & CO., Gen'l Agts.,
27 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh.
Ja30

GROVER & BAKER'S
SEWING MACHINES

Have been awarded the FIRST PREMIUMS at the following Fairs for the year 1865:

First Premium for best Machine work at Pennsylvania State Fair.
First premium for best Machine work at New York State Fair.
First Premium for best Family Machine at Ohio State Fair.
First premium for best manufacturing Machine at Ohio State Fair.
First premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Michigan State Fair.
First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Wisconsin State Fair.
First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Lawrence County Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Machine for general purposes, at Lawrence County Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Family Machine at Bucks County Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Bucks County Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Springfield Fair, Ohio.
First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Palmyra Fair, N. Y.
First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Suffolk County Fair, N. Y.
First premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Allegheny County Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Machine for all purposes at Allegheny County Fair, Pa.
First premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Allegheny County Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Machine work at Allegheny County Fair, Pa.
And wherever exhibited.

A. F. CHATONEY,
GENERAL AGENT,
oc27:eodMAR No. 18 Fifth St., Pittsburgh.

SHAW & CLARK'S
NEW $48
Sewing Machine.

With the Wheeler & Wilson Under-Feed. It does the whole Family Sewing and Tailoring on the same Machine.

Every Machine is Warranted for FIVE YEARS, All Kinds of Family Sewing promptly done.
AGENTS WANTED.
R. H. LONG,
112 Grant street, near Fifth,
no10:3meod PITTSBURGH, PA.

$25 BARTLETT SEWING MACHINE.—AGENTS WANTED TO INTRODUCE THE BARTLETT SEWING MACHINE. PRICE ONLY $25. THE ONLY CHEAP MACHINE IN THE UNITED STATES licensed to use the Wheeler & Wilson Under Feed. Agents are clearing from $50 to $200 PER MONTH. County rights given to Agents. Enclose stamp and address
BARTLETT BROTHERS,
ja11:eod&4tsF Gen. Agents, Toledo, Ohio.

SUNDRIES.

PRODUCE CONSIGNMENTS NOW IN STORE:—140 bbls. Flint Hominy, 20 bbls. Pearl Hominy, 100 bbls. Dried Peaches, halves; 20 do do, quarters; 15 do do, pared; 25 do do, berries, pits in; 12 do do, pits out; 20 do do Blackberries; 10 do do Huckleberries; 10 do do French Currants; 25 do Dry Slate Dried Apples; 50 do Ohio do; 20 do old do; 120 dozen canned Fresh Peaches; 200 do do Tomatoes; 50 do do Country Lard; 12 bbls. do do; 15 do do Tallow; 500 lb. Clover Seed; 20 bags Rye; 25 do Timothy Seed; 40 boxes Factory Cheese; 50 do Western Reserve do; 40 do English Dairy do; 50 bbls. Shellbark Hickory Nuts; 5 bbls. Fresh Roll Butter; 20 half bbls. do; 25 kegs packed do; 40 bbls. Cranberries; 50 do Cider Vinegar; 30 boxes German Soap; 25 bbls. fresh Eggs; 500 do Peachblow Potatoes; 50 do Western Onions; 20 do Spanish Monkeys; 2 do prime Apple Butter; 20 do White Beans; 10 do Chestnuts; 50 bus. Walnuts; 500 lbs. Strained Honey. For sale by
ja25 L. H. VOIGT.

HERMETICALLY SEALED VEGETABLES AND FRUITS:
600 dozen Fresh Tomatoes, 2 and 3 pounds;
500 " " Peaches, 2 and 3 pounds;
100 " " Pine Apple, 2 and 3 pounds;
100 " " Whortleberries;
100 " " Blackberries;
50 " " Plums;
50 " " Cherries;
50 " " Lima Beans;
50 " " Green Peas;
100 " " Corn;

All warranted choice quality. We also offer a large stock of assorted Jellies, Preserves, Ketchups, Sauces, Pickles, &c., &c. KEYMER & BRO.,
ja23 Nos. 128 and 128 Wood street.

SUNDRIES, for sale at 185 Liberty street:
DRY PEACHES—25 bbls. large halves;
DRY APPLES—30 bbls. new and choice;
WHITE BEANS—60 bbls. prime white;
HOMINY—15 bbls. Flint Hominy;
LIME—150 bbls. Fresh Lime;
SALT—500 bbls. Extra No. 1;
BROOMS—50 dozen new corn;
SORGHUM—15 bbls. Sorghum Syrup;
BUTTER—6 bbls. and boxes prime roll;
EGGS—3 bbls. and 2 boxes Eggs;
CODFISH—20 bundles;
HERRING—5 bbls. Labrador;
BARLEY—100 sacks Spring.
WM. P. BECK & CO.,
ja18 Wholesale Grocers and Produce Dealers.

PRODUCE CONSIGNMENT.
Prime Dried Pared Peaches;
Prime Dried halves and quarter Peaches;
Prime Dried Apples and Cherries;
Green Apples and Peach Blow Potatoes;
Eggs, Butter, Lard and Tallow;
Goshen Cheese and Pickles.
Canned Peaches and Tomatoes, cheap;
Corn Meal and Pearl Barley;
Beans, Onions and Seeds.
All of which is offered for sale for cash at lowest rates, by
GRAFF & REITER,
s8 No. 215 Liberty street.

PATENT WEATHER STRIPS, warranted to keep out the cold, wind, snow, dust, rain, &c., and can easily be put on doors and windows. A large supply just received and for sale at the India Rubber Depot, Nos. 26 and 28 St. Clair street, by
oc27 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

WINE VINEGAR—Genuine imported, the finest manufactured for table use or pickles; just received and for sale by the quart or gallon, at the Family Grocery Store of
JNO. A. RENSHAW,
ja26 Corner Liberty and Hand streets.

FLOATER HERRING—Just rec'd a fresh supply of fresh Smoked Floater Herring, put up in small boxes for family use, or for sale by the dozen, at the Family Grocery Store of
JNO. A. RENSHAW,
ja25 Corner Liberty and Hand streets.

DRY FRUIT—13 bbls. Dry Apples; 8 do do Peaches,
To arrive on steamer Keystone, for sale by
ja22 ISAIA DICKEY & CO.

FOR SALE AND FOR RENT.

FOR SALE.—A Farm of 41 acres, pleasantly situated on the Ridge road, in Ross township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the Pittsburgh and Perrysville plank road, 7 miles from the city, convenient to churches, schools, mills, stores, &c. This property will be sold very cheap and on easy terms.

Also, a No. 1 stock and grain farm, containing about 200 acres, situated in Westmoreland county, Pa., near the village of Greensville. The improvements are a two-story frame house; the largest and only barn in the vicinity, fencing generally good; 250 acres cleared; the remainder well timbered. The land is good, large meadows which produce good crops of hay. It is very convenient to churches, schools, mills, stores, &c., &c. This property will be sold very cheap and on easy terms.

Also, a farm of about 250 acres, situated in West Wheatland Township, Indiana county, Penna. The improvements are a good, comfortable, two-story Frame House, with 6 rooms, a large frame barn, carriage house, good corn crib, wash house, hog oven and a two-story stone spring house; about 100 acres cleared and in timothy and clover; a good orchard of apple, peach, pear and quince trees. The fencing is generally good. Also a lot of good quality, free dance of limestone, and but a short distance from coal. This property will be sold very cheap.

Also, a Farm of about 250 acres, adjoining the above. The improvements are a large two-story Log House and a large frame barn; 100 acres cleared and under a good state of cultivation; a small apple orchard; a large two-story milk-house. These two farms united would make a first-rate Stock Farm, or will be sold separately.

Also, a Farm of 170 acres, situated in East Wheatfield township, Indiana county, Pa. The improvements are a large Frame House with 10 rooms, log barn with a good shed all around; 50 acres cleared; two tenement log dwelling houses; a good orchard; convenient to church, schools, stores, &c. A portion of the purchase money will be taken in well located land in lows.

Also, a Farm of 188 acres in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, 12 miles from the city, nearly; a very large orchard of the best variety of fruit. This farm will be sold at a very reduced price. Possession given on the first of April, 1866.

Also, the best farm in Fairfield township, Westmoreland county, Pa., containing 240 acres; about 6 miles south of the Blairsville Railroad. The improvements are two large hewed log houses; one of the largest and best frame barns in the township; two ample orchards. The farm is now in a high state of cultivation. The fencing is all No. 1. The land is of the very best limestone; about 200 acres cleared, the balance good timber. Will be sold on the first day of April, 1867. This property will be sold at a great bargain. The owner wishes to engage in other business.

Also, several other Farms ranging from $30 to $200 per acre.

Also, a Farm of 152 acres, situate in McCandless township, Allegheny county, Pa., about 8 miles from the city. The land is well adapted for gardening purposes, being all bottom land, and protected on the north by a hill and having a southern exposure. It will be sold cheap, and on easy terms. There is a front on two public roads. JOHN D. BAILEY,
de 29 Wilkins Hall.

ONLY $12,000!—FOR SALE.—That Large TWO-STORY BRICK BUILDING situate on Penn street, known as the Log House, a Boarding School. It is 50 feet wide by 132 feet long, and contains large and small rooms to the number of eighty, with gas and water in the building. Large garden, shrubbery, &c. It would make a good Boarding House, for which it was used last year, or, with a little repairing, would make a good dwelling, or a row of good dwelling-houses. For further particulars, apply to S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
ja26 51 Market street.

DWELLING HOUSE ON WYLIE STREET FOR SALE.—That large and well finished three story Brick Dwelling on Wylie street, near Fifth, containing 10 rooms, kitchen, range, bath room, hot and cold water and gas throughout the building. This is one of the most desirable dwellings in the city, and will be sold at a bargain. Terms reasonable. Possession April 1st. Terms reasonable. Apply soon to
ja16:tf B. McLAIN & CO., 102 Fourth street.

TWO STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE FOR SALE, of hall, two parlors, dining room, kitchen, two good cellars, porch, four rooms on second floor, bath room and finished attic; water fixtures in the house. Lot 20 feet front by 100 deep, fronting on two streets. Terms, one-third cash, remainder in one, two, three and four years. For price and location, apply to
ja11 S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 51 Market st.

DWELLING HOUSES FOR SALE. Those two neat Dwellings, Nos. 114 and 116, fronting on Diamond alley, Webster and Boyd streets, are offered at low prices and on easy terms.

Also, two neat Dwellings, Nos. 1 and 2, fronting on Pitt street, Allegheny Avenue, finished in good style and offered low.

Also, that splendid two story Dwelling, No 149, fronting on Allegheny river, finished in the best manner. Apply to
ja11 B. McLEAN & CO.

$4,500 WILL PURCHASE THAT DESIRABLE COUNTRY SEAT, situated 15 minutes' walk from Ferry Landing. The house is large and neatly finished, with an extensive view of the river and railroad, with 18 acres of ground, arranged with garden and fruit in great abundance, well watered and in good neighborhood; stable and carriage house. Apply soon to
ja23 B. McLAIN & CO.

NO. 32 HEMLOCK STREET, ALLEGHENY CITY, FOR SALE.—A neat, well built Brick Dwelling House, in a pleasant location, a short distance from Federal street, with lot 18½ feet front by 98½ deep; hall, seven rooms, finished attic, gas and water in the house, and will be sold a bargain. For price and terms, apply at the Real Estate office of S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
ja20 51 Market street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—11 acres of Land, situate in Scott township, Allegheny Co., Pa., on the Washington road, about five miles from the city. The improvements are a Frame House with 7 rooms and full frame stable, spring house, a good Orchard of apple, peach, pear and plum trees. This property is very desirable for a country residence. For further information inquire of
G. H. TOWER,
de11 Real Estate Agent, 101 Fourth st.

COAL AND LIME PROPERTY FOR SALE.—On the Steubenville Railroad, seven miles from the city,

CONTAINING ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY SIX ACRES,

Steam and Water Flouring and Saw Mill, and other the improvements. For further information, apply to WILLIAM WARD,
(Opposite the Cathedral.)
fy19 Grant street, No. 110.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—About three acres of rich Ground, in a choice locality, at Oakland, with an assortment of well selected fruit, grapes and small fruits. There is a Frame House of four rooms, a stable and spacious barn yard on the property. Apply to
S. S. BRYAN,
Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,
ja25 57 Fourth street, Burke's Building.

COAL LAND FOR SALE, on the Monongahela River, in the third pool, near the town of Webster, in Westmoreland county, a tract containing about 42 acres. For particulars, apply to
S. S. BRYAN,
Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,
ja26 57 Fourth street, Burke's Building.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—Two large three story Brick Dwelling Houses, with large lot of ground, situate on Marbury street, near Liberty. Each house is in good order and conveniently arranged, for sale cheap by
S. CUTHBERT & SONS
ja26 51 Market street.

$3,000 WILL PURCHASE a good Brick Dwelling, situate on Main st., Lawrenceville. For terms, apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of
G. S. BATES,
ja19 Butler street, Lawrenceville.

$4,500 WILL PURCHASE a fine Property, situate on the corner of Bank and Allen streets. For terms, apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of
G. S. BATES,
ja1 Butler street, Lawrenceville.

FOR SALE, with immediate possession, a two story Frame House, situate in the village of Mount Washington. For further particulars enquire of
G. H. TOWER,
ja17:lmd Real Estate Agent, No. 101 Fourth st.

VARIETIES AND TOYS.

FANCY GOODS, TOYS, BASKETS,
ROCKING HORSES, SLEIGHS, SKATES,
CHILDRENS' CARTS, WHEEL-BARROWS, &c., &c.,
Wholesale and Retail, at J. G. LAUER'S, No. 101
ja26 Market street, near Fifth.

FOR SALE—FOR RENT.

FOR SALE.—A Farm of 100 acres, pleasantly situated in Richland township, Allegheny county, Penna., on the Pittsburgh and Butler plank road, 12 miles from the city. The improvements are a new frame house, with 8 rooms, a large frame barn, carriage house, good corn crib, wash house, hog oven and a two-story stone spring house; about 70

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1866.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Day Express	2:30 a m	Mail	1:50 a m
Altoona Accom'n	7:10 a m	Fast Line	2:40 a m
Cincinnati Exp's	8:30 a m	1st Wall Accom'n	6:25 a m
Mail	11:40 a m	1st Penn Accom	7:55 a m
Fort's Express	3:05 p m	2d Wall Accom	8:30 a m
Johnstown Ac'n	4:15 p m	Johnst'n Accom.	10:05 a m
Fast Line	10:00 p m	Phil'a Erie Mail	12:35 p m
1st Wall Accom	6:30 a m	Baltimore Exp's	1:20 p m
2d " "	10:45 a m	3d Wall Accom	1:50 p m
3d " "	6:05 p m	Phil's Express	2:05 p m
1st Penn Accom'n	10:30 p m	2d Penn Accom	6:25 p m
2d " "	3:00 p m	Altoona Accom.	
		& Emigt Train	01:50 p m

The church train leaves Allen's Station every Sunday at 9:05 a m.; returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m.

Pittsburgh, Columbus and Cincinnati.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Fast Line	2:00 a m	Fast Line	8:30 a m
Mail	8:00 a m	Mail	3:30 p m
Express	2:30 p m	Express	10:45 p m
Steubenville Accommodation	4:00 p m	Steubenville Accommodation	10:10 a m

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Express	3:05 a m	Express	3:05 a m
Express	1:50 p m	Express	9:15 p m
Express	5:15 p m	Express	12:25 p m
Mail	7:15 a m	Mail	9:15 p m
Wheeling Exp's	5:15 p m		

New Brighton Accommodation leaves Allegheny depot at 9 a. m., 11:00 a. m., 4:20 p. m., and 5:30 p. m.; Rochester, 7:15 p. m.; Beaver Castle, 8:50 p. m.; Economy, 10:20 p. m.; Wellsville, 3:30 p. m.

Pittsburgh, Cleveland and Wheeling.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Express	2:24 a m	Express	8:58 p m
Express	3:00 p m	Express	9:10 p m
Mail	8:24 a m	Express	2:30 a m
Steubenville Accommodation leaves Allegheny at 3:30 p. m.			

Pittsburgh and Connellsville.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Mail	7:15 a m	Mail	6:00 p m
Express	3:00 p m	Express	10:30 p m
Mail to McKeesport	11:00 a m	Mail to McK'sport	6:25 p m
"	6:45 p m	"	2:05 p m

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Mail	8:45 a m	Express	11:00 a m
Express	5:00 p m	Mail	6:10 p m
Accommodation	1:40 p m	Accommodation	9:00 a m

Pittsburgh and Erie Railroad, to Oil City and Franklin.

Departs.		Departs.	
No. 40 Express	7:50 p m	No. 27 Express	6:30 a m
Via Allegheny R. R.		Via Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago, and Beaver Valley	

Brownsville Boat---Grant and Water Sts.

Arrives.		Departs.	
9:00 a m.	4:30 p m	8:00 a m.	6:00 p m

Harmony Stage, St. Clair St.

Arrives.		Departs.	
4:30 p. m.		8:00 a. m.	

Butler Stage---No. 6 St. Clair Street.

Arrives.		Departs.	
2½ p. m.		6½ a. m.	

Washington Stage---Hare's Hotel

Arrives.		Departs.	
2½ p. m.		8:00 a. m.	

EXCELSIOR OMNIBUS & LIVERY STABLE,

410 PENN STREET.

JAMES DAIN & SON, Proprietors.

OMNIBUSES AND CARRIAGES furnished for all trains. Also, Carriages for Funerals, Weddings and parties, at short notice and reasonable rates. STABLE OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. ja27:lyd

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Mayor Lowry and His Police.

Two years ago this morning James Lowry, junior, assumed the office of Chief Magistrate of the City of Pittsburgh, and that he discharged the arduous duties devolving upon him, in untoward times, with an eye single to the best interests of the community, no one, we presume, will attempt to gainsay. Errors he may have committed in his official capacity—and what Mayor is or ever was infallible?—but they were of the head and not of the heart. It is not too much to say that during his entire official career Mayor Lowry devoted his whole time and energies to the legitimate duties of his office. Whenever a crime of magnitude was perpetrated in our midst, he was untiring in his efforts to apprehend the culprits, and the records will show that he was successful in an eminent degree. He is now divested of official power, and we understand will depart for St. Louis, Natchez, New Orleans, and Galveston, Texas, on Friday, on a private business tour, starting with "the best wishes of hosts of friends.

On the day that Mayor Lowry was inducted into office, he surrounded himself with the following Day Police: *Chief*—James Long. *Assistants*—George Culp, Hamlet Lowe, John Herron, John Messner, George Kemp, Charles Bay, William C. Wray and Robt. Willison. The only change that occurred in the entire two years was the appointment of Seth Wilmott to the vacancy occasioned by the death of Chas. Bay, and the temporary appointment of Mr. Strain vice Willison, who was prostrated by sickness, but who is now on his recovery resumed his duties on the police staff. The greatest harmony at all times prevailed between the Chief Magistrate of the city, the Chief of Police and his subordinates, each one vieing with the other in a prompt and faithful discharge of duty. It was our fortune, as reporter, to be thrown in almost daily contact with the day police, in search of "items," and found them at all times courteous, obliging and willing to furnish information in their possession, when it did not conflict with the interests of the public. In their retirement they carry with them the consciousness of having faithfully discharged their duties.

We cannot close this hastily penned article on the outgoing Chief Magistrate and his police, without saying a word in reference to two others, viz: Messrs. Snowden, Clerk, and William Reed, Captain of the Night Watch. Mr. Snowden made a faithful and efficient clerk, and will have the gratifying thanking him for his courtesy and urbanity during his clerical term. To Capt. Reed we are also indebted for many favors, in the way of "late news." He had the confidence and respect in the duties of Captain of the Watch, and we have yet to hear a single complaint, either against his honesty or capacity.

Since writing the above we were present at an entertainment given last evening, by Mayor Lowry, to his police and a few personal friends, at the Monongahela House.

After the Mayor, police and guests had assembled, the meeting was called to order by the appointment of W. O. Davis, Esq., chairman. Chief Long, on behalf of his brother officers, made a neat address to the Mayor, in which he thanked him for the many acts of kindness he and they had received at his hands, wishing him and his, prosperity and happiness in the time to come. In conclusion he desired His Honor to accept a splendid gold headed cane, as a token of the high esteem in which he was held by the retiring day police.

Mayor Lowry responded in a neat speech, in which he said that much, if not all, the credit of his administration was due to his Chief and his able assistants. He said they parted to-night, and it might be the Providence of God that they would never meet again, but so long as the gold on the head of his cane remained pure and bright, so long would the remembrance of the kindness of the police officers remain fresh in his memory. The cane presented to Mayor Lowry bears the following inscription: "Presented to his Honor, James Lowry, Jr., Mayor of Pittsburgh, by the Police, as a token of their esteem, January 31st, 1866."

John C. McCarthy made a pertinent remarks relative to the duty of the police, which drew from Mayor Lowry the high encomium of "a faithful officer," and all at times bore testimony to the worthiness of the retiring Mayor and his officers.

In the absence of Mr. Bruin, Col. Brush, of the "locals" of the city, read one of the several roll of the following, which the reader may judge for himself, is quite humorous:

The Retiring Chief Magistrate—During his administration, the appointment of all official affairs was *Lowery* and thousands of patriotic hearts *Long* to see a *Reed* of peace upon this country's horizon. In the management of the war in the beginning there may have been *Culp*able mismanagement, which at times seemingly reduced the fortunes of the Union arms to a *Low* ebb, but by perseverance and valor they kept the insolent foe at bay. Whilst the army was not all of those above recited as *Reed* birds, they were never reduced to *Strain* a point against such *Heroes*, for many an *Enemy* was forced to flee. As there is no *Snow*-drawn where he is going, he should take *Care* of himself so that he may be enabled to take things coolly.

Supper being announced as ready, the party, some fifty in number, sat down to a most sumptuous repast, given by Mr. Joseph H. Dickey, of the Eldorado Saloon, and the best compliment that we can pay him is to say that after the party had fully discussed its merits a vote of thanks was unanimously passed in his favor.

During the supper all present indulged in speeches, jokes, singing, etc., and all seemed to enjoy themselves to the top of their bent. Among the guests present we noticed, Jarod M. Brush, R. B. Gourley, James Reese, James Marshall, Joseph Spencer, James Blakemoor, Maj. Jo. Brown, Will A. Walker, Wm. C. Gaffney, and others.

We were informed during the evening, that the "emergency men," before going on their beats, were addressed by Mayor Lowry in a short speech, after which they passed a resolution in which the retiring Chief Magistrate is highly complimented.

Before leaving the room, the company presented his Honor with two magnificent pound cakes, which he was enjoined to carry home as a present from them to his better half.

Upon an intimation from Mr. Dickey, proprietor of the El Dorado, that the table had to be re-set for the Feasians, the party separated at about two o'clock, well pleased with the evening's entertainment.

The Bogus General Ed. McCook.

Some days since we made mention of an imposter who had been travelling as a member of the McCook family and was arrested in Wheeling and was transferred to Philadelphia. The bogus General had a hearing in that city a day or two since, and after evidence was taken, was fully committed for trial. One of the witnesses, a tailor, testified that on the 3d of November, the prisoner ordered at his place a full suit of Major General's uniform. He said he was Maj. Gen. McCook of Ohio. When the clothes were done, word was sent to the defendant to come up that the shoulder straps might be properly adjusted. It was found that the defendant had departed, but had left word that the suit should be forwarded to Wheeling. This was done, subsequently an envelope was received by the witness per express, endorsed as containing one hundred and thirty-five dollars. There was nothing inside of it except four postage stamps, three sheets of paper, scribbled over with memorandums, and a letter to somebody unknown, saying that his future address would be at Brownsville, Texas.

Seriously Injured.—We learn that on Tuesday night, as car No. 56, on the Citizens Passenger Railway, was passing the corner of Penn and Wayne streets, a man named Martin, who hails from somewhere in Ohio, in attempting to jump upon the front platform of the car, missed his footing, and falling across the track, the car passed over his legs, breaking them both. He was taken to one of the hospitals, but at the hour we heard of the occurrence, it was too late to learn the particulars.

Miss Susannah Evans' Lecture.

We last night had the pleasure for the second time of listening to Miss Evans' lecture. The lecture was delivered under the auspices of the Allegheny Library Association, in Rev. Dr. Clark's Church, Allegheny, the subject being "Temperance"—a subject fraught with interest in these degenerate days. At an early hour the church began to fill, and by eight o'clock—the time announced for the lecture to commence—the body of the church was comfortably filled, while quite a number occupied seats in the gallery. After a brief peroration she said that young man starting in life, with bright hopes, and laudable ambition was the most sublime spectacle that earth presented. There was an ambition, however, that might reach after objects altogether impracticable. A young man's ambition should be under proper control. In starting in life, a young man must necessarily make choice of two things: he must fight for the Cross, or fight for Satan. Foes would beset him on every side, but the strongest foe, his deadliest enemy, was strong drink. The effects of drinking were to be seen everywhere, as well in the peaceful hamlet, as in the dens of infamy in crowded cities. A sweet little village in Wales, nestling in a peaceful valley amid the mountains, recently received a terrible realization of this fact. A deived a terrible realization of this fact. A young man, brought up amid all the pious surroundings of a God-fearing family, where the teachings of a family altar was erected morning and evening, himself leading the devotions of the family after the death of his dear father, embarked in business for himself upon attaining his majority. It was, soon observed that something was wrong with him. His former conviviality was so general, that attention was not paid the circumstance as though it had happened elsewhere. Soon his business deserted him and he was taken in charge by his friends. He managed to escape their vigilance, and upon search being made for him, he was found dead in a well. His friends gathered to his funeral, and drank each others health out of the same cup that had caused their brother's ruin. In intemperance, there were two phases—the beginning and the end. It was the beginning that we had to do with. Let but the sin be crushed in the beginning, and there would be no fears for the end. There were many persons who set their faces against social enjoyment, who wore long faces, and looked as though they had been washed in vinegar, and rubbed dry with a nutmeg grater. These people are to be avoided. There are plenty of innocent amusements that can be enjoyed without detriment. Life is a journey, filled with ups and downs—a struggle, and each has a work to perform. It is not a mere passage from the nursery to the grave, or like that of the profane poet who wrote his own epitaph—

"Man's life's a vapor, full of woes:
He cuts a caper, and away he goes."

Walk straight in the path of duty, turning neither to the right or to the left, and there is no danger. There are many signs to lure you from the path of duty, and the signboard of the tavern always allures you to the left. Good resolutions are like fainting ladies. They want to be carried out. Many persons place the human heart and the brandy bottle opposite each other, and say that it is only when they are united that the angel of happiness is born. It is a fatal error. Poverty may come, but honest poverty is no disgrace, neither can it steal away the love of your family. Intemperance is a disgrace, and drives love from the threshold. She gave the old example of London Hogie, where the son proved to his father and mother that there were three fowls upon the table, when in reality there were only two, and gave the application. The lecture, that the glass of wine is one of the most fatal falsehoods that satan ever whispered in the ears of his victims. She paid her respects to the fast young men of the day in a manner much more emphatic than complimentary. She referred to Byron, Sheridan, Poe and others—fast men—not as rules, but as exceptions, and in mentioning their names she disclaimed any intention of setting a premium upon dissipation The fast man of the present day wears patent leather boots, broad cloth clothes, and an eye glass, is *au fait* in all the small talk of the day, is only interested in the latest thing in trowsers, hair oil, and the potency of hair dye. He could whirl all night in the giddy waltz, and not effect his brain, for the reason that he had none. These were some of the fast man's accomplishments, in which he matriculated and took his degrees. The picture of the fast man and his pupil was most faithfully and vividly drawn. A synopsis of the young lady's lecture only does her injustice. It should be heard to be appreciated. Upon several occasions even the sacred precincts of the church were not sufficient to keep down the applause that would find vent. Miss Evans possesses a sweet face, and good figure. Her diction is elegant, her articulation distinct, and her manner effectively graceful and natural. We sincerely hope that we shall soon have another opportunity of listening to her

Miss Carrie A. Moore.

Notwithstanding the fact that there was no announcement made by the public press, nor any other advertisement save such as was posted upon the street cars, there were not less than three thousand persons present at the Central Park to witness the debut of Miss Carrie A. Moore, said to be the most accomplished lady skater in America. The windows of all the adjoining buildings, the board piles, and even the tops of the street cars were filled with a curious multitude. At half-past three o'clock, the lady appeared within the ropes, and as the brass band in attendance struck up a lively dance, she glided gracefully out into the centre of the arena. Her every movement was the personified poetry of motion. Her grace was her attendant handmaid. An involuntary exclamation of admiration sprang from every lip, and rapturous applause accompanied each successive feat. The waltz, varsovienne, galop, waltzing on the ends of her toes, and a hundred other movements which it is beyond our power to describe, were executed, the fairy never for one moment losing time with the music. Her performance was simply wonderful. There is no comparison between those things done on parlor skates, and those done on smooth clear ice, with a pair of ringing blades beneath the feet.

She was dressed in a very rich skating costume of purple beaver, trimmed around the bottom of the skirt with a deep border of fur, a basque (we believe that is what they call it) of the same material, trimmed in like manner, a skating cap and a muff completed the costume. Her hair hung in golden ringlets nearly to her waist. She is no novel performer, moving forwards or in circles over the smooth surface of the ice, she looked the embodiment of grace and elegance.

After she had retired from the ice, her place was taken by young Master Hoag, of Chicago, a lad of not more than twelve summers, who executed some very brilliant and difficult manœuvres. During his performance, a deaf and dumb performer by the name of James Diamond also entered, and executed some dashing feats. Both were loudly applauded by the spectators.

This afternoon Miss Moore makes her second appearance, commencing at half-past three. At half-past two, the Meagher brothers from Chicago will enter the arena, and go through with their performances. If the Central does not erect a fence sufficiently tough to draw patronage, we certainly are at a loss to know where our citizens would go to find it.

Amusements.

THEATER.—Mrs. Lander still continues to fill the Theatre with large and intelligent audiences. To-night she appears in the beautiful play of "Misalliance, it being her last appearance but two.

OPERA HOUSE.—The interest in the little fairy queen Melville remains unabated, and she fills the house night after night. Miss Moore's skating is also an immense card of attraction. To-night Miss Melville appears as Katy O'Neal, in Jake Rosenthal's beautiful comedy of that name, and Miss Moore gives another of her wonderful performances.

The Fenian Ball.—The Fenian Brotherhood gave a ball last evening at the City Hall which proved a grand success, there being at least four thousand persons present. So great was the crowd that dancing was utterly out of the question, and the happy party had, in a great measure, to content themselves with promenading. Even this was found to be impossible in attendance that it was found necessary to order supper at a number of saloons—no one in the city having sufficient capacity to entertain the entire party. We were present at the El Dorado Saloon when about seventy-five couple partook of supper, gotten up under the superintendence of Jim Wiggins, the *chef de cuisine* of the establishment.

Skating Rink.—We have heard incidentally of a project on foot to build a rink, to be in readiness for the next skating season, which will be something after the style of the rinks of Chicago and Montreal. It will be covered, and inclosed above a certain height, with glass, will be well lighted with gas, and so arranged that the temperature inside shall always be at thirty degrees, provided it is no higher outside. It will be located somewhere near the heart of the city, and will be a big thing on ice. We also heard it suggested that some big season tickets would be sold, and that all holders of tickets would be expected to appear *en costume*.

Important Meeting.—The observant reader is aware that there is at present a "strike" of the "boilers," "rollers" and others connected with the manufacturing establishments of this City and vicinity. This evening there will be a meeting of Nos. 1, 2 and 3 of the Boilers' Union at their hall on the corner of Fifth and Schenley Fifteen streets, at seven o'clock, at which time final action will be taken on the questions at issue between them and their employers. We shall endeavor to give the result of their deliberations.

Union Park.—The ice at this popular place of amusement is in splendid condition, and all day yesterday the Park was crowded with many skaters. Last night there was a perfect carnival, and to-day, from early morn till late at night there will be a throng of visitors. Will some gentleman present please keep tally of the visitors for one day? We have a bet on hand which we are sure to win, after which we shall retire from business and present ourselves with a silver set, suitably inscribed.

Everybody Does It.—That is to say, that everybody who goes to the Central Park during the afternoon, and does not wish to keep in the evening just for the purpose of getting their supper, steps into the refectory kept by Jonas Smith, and orders whatever he or she wants and they get it immediately served up in first class style. Jonas, those waffles cannot be beat.

A Supper.—We learned at a late hour last evening that the incoming Chief Magistrate and his newly appointed police partook of a supper at King's. We have no particulars, but have no doubt the party enjoyed themselves, as King never does anything by halves in the way of getting up entertainments.

Concert.—Our readers will bear in mind that there will be a Concert given this evening, in the Mansfield Presbyterian Church, commencing at seven o'clock. Lovers of music will hear some fine singing by attending.

Fined.—Two common cases were fined one dollar and fifty cents, and costs, by the Mayor of Allegheny, yesterday morning.

FROM YESTERDAY EVENING'S GAZETTE.

Horticultural Society.

A regular meeting of the Pittsburgh Horticultural Society was held this morning, at their rooms on Fifth Street, President White in the Chair. Members present, Messrs. Bennett, Cheeny, A. Murdock, J. S. Negley, Oliver, Reed, White and Bacon.

Gen. Negley presented a "list of novelties," useful and interesting, which had attracted his attention during the past season. He stated that some of the varieties might have been in cultivation for some time, but they were new to him. The list is as follows:

Roses.—H. P., John Hooper. Splendid form; very double, and large; color, bright rose, dark center.

H. P., Duchess de Caylus; exquisitely beautiful; one of the indispensable roses in a small collection.

H. P., Eugenie Verdier; dark, rich violet; full form; fine habit.

Tea, Marechal Niel; similar to the beautiful yellow rose, Isabella Gray, but superior in every respect; truly a charming rose.

Tea, Madame de Serlot; white, tinted with rose.

Add to the above the older Remontant roses, Jules Margottin, General Jacquminot; to the Teas, Floire de Dijon, Mme Talcot, Countess de la Bartha, Mme Warranzoff, and Mme William. There are many other deserving varieties. The twelve named will be esteemed in the largest collection.

DIANTHUS HEDEWIGII; Hybridus fl. pl., a charming addition to this beautiful class of Pinks. The plant is very bushy, and covered with flowers.

VERBENAS.—Miss Kate Baum. To be had at John R. and A. Murdoch's Nursery. A beautiful striped variety, pink and white; large flowers; good habit, very desirable.

VICTORIA ASTER.—A giant flower, very double, when well grown, perfectly splendid.

VEGETABLES.—Hage's Dwarf. Early Cauliflower. The earliest; very dwarf; firm heads; indifferent to season.

Radish.—French Breakfast. Crisp, free growing, and not liable to run to seed.

Potatoes.—Early Goodrich. Early, large and productive. Promises to be a great acquisition.

Tokohama Squash.—From Japan; weighs from six to ten pounds; flesh deep orange color; sweet, dry, and fine grained. Resembles a sweet potato in flavor. Keeps until March.

Peas—Carter surprise; blue, large pods, very productive. Eugenie—white, very early, exceedingly productive, large pods, and one of the best.

Bean—Indian Chief, pole bean; tender, succulent and productive. The pods remain crisp longer than any other.

Gen. Negley's report was accepted, and a vote of thanks tendered him by the Society.

After transacting some business of minor importance the Society adjourned to meet on Wednesday next, at ten o'clock.

Applications for Tavern License.

We dropped into the License Court to-day and found Judges Sterrett, Mellon and Brown busily engaged in hearing applications for license to sell liquors. The list of applicants is a large one, and considering the nature of the testimony, it is sometimes a very difficult matter to arrive at just and equitable conclusions. While we were in court, the application was made for the transfer of the license of the Eagle Hotel, Versailles township. His petition set forth the usual facts, and was signed by the usual number of "good and lawful citizens." He is the only tavern keeper left in the place and his house has been kept as an inn for six years or more. It was therefore deemed necessary for the accommodation of travelers and travelers' horses. Now, all this looked very well on paper, and we have no doubt that, had there been no objections made, the Judges would have felt bound to grant the license. But when a remonstrance was offered, in the shape of a remonstrance "as long as your arm," signed by considerably over one hundred residents of the village. This remonstrance set forth that a place to sell liquor was entirely unnecessary and against the wish of a vast majority of the community. The Court, we believe, called upon the first man's accomplishments, in which he matriculated and took his degrees. The picture of the last man and his pupil was most faithfully and vividly drawn. A synopsis of the young lady's lecture only does her injustice. It should be heard to be appreciated. Upon several occasions even the sacred precincts of the church were not sufficient to keep down the applause that would find vent. Miss Evans possesses a sweet face, and good figure. Her diction is elegant, her articulation distinct, and her manner effectively graceful and natural. We sincerely hope that we shall soon have another opportunity of listening to her

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Rosedale Coal Yard.

This new yard is situated at the head of Fourth street, in Hardscrabble, near the point where the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad enters the city. Its proprietor, Mr. David Steen, is an old and successful coaldealer, having been for several years engaged in running coal down the city from the Youghiogheny. He is now working a large body of splendid coal at Mansfield, immediately on the line of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad, and is prepared to fill all orders promptly.

The railroad company has just put two coal trains on this road, running out as far as Mansfield, and there will be four trains daily, henceforth, until the business grows sufficiently to warrant an increase of trains, which it is sure to do soon. Mr. Steen will therefore be busily employed for a year to come, and has no doubt he will find a brisk market for all he can bring in.

Captured.—On Tuesday night at a late hour the attention of officer Hobson was attracted to a man in his shirt sleeves and minus a hat running at the top of his speed on Fourth near Liberty, and in pursuit of him, succeeded in capturing the party, not, however, until the latter had jumped into the canal, which was partly filled with water. The prisoner proved to be the veritable John Smith, shoemaker, who had been engaged in a row at Bipner's tavern, where he lost his hat and had a valuable coat torn into shreds. Having after a while sobered, he was fined one dollar and costs.

Assault Upon an Officer.—As officer Smith, of Allegheny, was arresting a drunken character on South Common last night, a well known character by the name of John Hurvis seized a number of rocks and threw at the officer. It struck him on the back of the head, inflicting an ugly wound. Officer Joseph Campbell being on hand, quickly gave Hurvis chase, and locked him up in the tombs. On a hearing before the Mayor, he was held to appear this evening at seven o'clock.

Attractions at Central Park.—The Meagher Brothers, famous as skaters, are expected to arrive in this City this evening, and if the ice is in good condition, will perform at Central Park, on Thursday afternoon, between half-past two and half-past three o'clock. Those who wish to see what can be done on skates should by all means attend.

Interesting Exercises.—There will be interesting missionary exercises held in Trinity M. E. Church, on Sabbath afternoon, by Rev. Dr. E. B. Snyder, Pastor of Christ Church, will preach at 10½ o'clock, and the Rev. Dr. Holmes will deliver an address on the occasion of the missionary anniversary of the Sabbath School at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. There will also be services in the evening.

Body Found.—The body of a young man, supposed to be that of Franz Hogda, of Allegheny, whose mysterious disappearance we have already noticed, was found in the Ohio river, near Sewickley, on Tuesday afternoon. Coroner Clawson will hold an inquest to-day.

CLAIM AGENTS.

BOUNTIES.—All Discharged Soldiers, or the Heirs of Deceased Soldiers, who enlisted in the first

Years Service,

And soldiers who were discharged from any other service without receiving their Government or Local Bounties, are requested to call or send their address to T. WILLIAMS, Esq.,

Solicitor for Bounties, Pensions and Pay,
No. 103 FIFTH STREET, third door below the Cathedral. ja16

W. J. PATTERSON.....Notary Public
HALL PATTERSON.....Attorney at Law

W. J. & HALL PATTERSON, 144
FOURTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA., Attorneys for Collecting Claims against the State and United States Governments, for BOUNTY, BACK AND EXTRA PAY, PENSIONS, &c. OFFICERS ACCOUNTS SETTLED AND CERTIFICATES OF NON-INDEBTEDNESS PROCURED.

ROBINSON, McCLEAN & CO.,

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No. 75 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh,

Dealers in all kinds of Government Securities, Gold and Silver, Uncurrent Bank Notes, Foreign and Domestic Exchange, &c., &c.

Deposits received in Current Funds and Currency. Interest allowed on time deposits. Collections made in all parts of the United States on most favorable terms.

Orders executed with dispatch for everything in the business at the Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and Pittsburgh Brokers' Boards strictly on commission.

Draw on A. CLEWS & CO., New York, J. COOKE & CO., Philadelphia; Messrs. THEO. & T. H. PERKINS, Boston.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY Jan. 31, 1866.

The stock and gold market has improved somewhat within the past forty-eight hours, but does not as yet exhibit any great improvement in quotations. Gold touched 141 in New York, but fell off half per cent during the day. Governments improved one quarter per cent on Five Twenties, and the currency notes were a shade better, with improved demand from investors.

The disagreement between Secretary McCullough and the Finance Committee it is stated on what appears to be good authority will after all be more about details than principles. The Secretary does not object to amendments to the original bill, but asks that its main features should be preserved, which will probably be done, save in respect to the foreign loan. Wide range in regard to the conversion of the different kinds of floating debt will be granted to him, (i. e.) as to time and amount, but the form of the new loan will be definitely fixed, and we judge, it will all be made payable at home.

The old issue of Five Twenty bonds were selling at 102¾ in our market to-day. New Issue at 101¼. Seven Thirties at 103¼@103⅝ for the various issues. Compound interest notes are firmer and in brisk demand at about the following quotations: June 1864, 107; July 1864, 106½; August 1864, 106; October, 105; December, 103½; May, 1865, 101½; August and September 1865, 100¾.

The demand for Bank stocks keeps up. Bids to-day range about as follows: Exchange Bank (old stock) 85½; M. & M. $59; Old Bank of Pittsburgh, 60; Allegheny Bank, 56½; Citizens, 83½; Iron City, 59; Mechanics', 77; Peoples' National, 106; National Bank of Commerce, 108; Second National, 120; Third National, 124½.

Railway stock quiet Sales reported of Allegheny Valley at $12,50, and of Pittsburgh and Steubenville at $10. These prices show an advance, and we are told there is still a speculation in each of them at the above figures. "We cant see it," but perhaps there is.

Oils dull. Columbia a little firmer under the prospect of the tax on crude oil being taken off. Should it be taken off as proposed by the Revenue Commissioners, the stock will be worth $20 per share within two months, if not indeed much more. Pithole was offered at 12 on the street, 11 bid. We are told of sales of Union Lubric in pretty fair amounts at $35 per share. The same figures are bid for Fleming & Blood Farm. Cherry Run Central is offered for sale at 22, no buyers. Philadelphia, Lancaster & Cherry Run, sales in Philadelphia at ½, but there is nothing doing in our market.

There is quite a war of words in the New York papers over the proposition to issue a thirty year straight-out gold-bearing stock in immediate exchange for currency obligations not due until 1867-8. In opposition to this scheme is the counter policy to reduce in a gradual way, if it should be found easy and practicable, the volume of greenbacks, at least in proportion to the increasing volume of National bank-note currency, and as much faster as the trade, exchanges and money market might invite, looking to the ultimate return of the Government to the old specie standard, but more specially to limiting the two descriptions of circulation, now aggregating (exclusive of compound-interest) *nearly seven hundred million dollars*, with thirty-eight million dollars of authorized National bank notes yet to be issued. The *Financial Chronicle*, of Saturday, referring to the first or straight-out thirty year loan project, which has been prepared in Wall street and sent to the Committee of Ways and Means at Washington, asks:

"Why, in time of peace, we should offer to pay 6 per cent for thirty years, absolutely, when in the darkest hour of the war we never offered to pay a greater rate than 6 per cent for more than five to twenty years? We are told, indeed, that it is necessary that more valuable bonds than the 5-20s should be offered in order to obtain foreign capital to help us change them. If this be so, we had better not exchange them. They will give us no trouble for many months to come. The first notes on three hundred millions of these notes does not fall due till the 18th of August, 1867, and the remainder have nearly a year longer to run. Before the time arrives for redemption the public credit and the growth of our national wealth will enable us to 'shake down' all our floating securities, and we shall probably find the 7-30s and the 5-20s, into which by law they are fundable, will be worth considerably higher prices than they bear. Prices would now command, if, as is proposed, 1100 millions of them were, at short intervals, 'dumped' on the market. But the two propositions tend to opposite consequences—the first will favor a full money market, high prices and an easy collection of taxes; the other, stringency in money matters, and, it is argued, an early resumption of specie payments."

—The following comparative statement shows the average condition of the leading items of the Philadelphia Banks for the past and previous week:

	Last Week.	This week.	
Capital	$14,642,150	$14,642,150	
Loans	47,254,621	47,507,588	Inc. $253,966
Specie	1,012,980	1,000,825	Dec 4,155
Legal-tender's	17,092,550	16,484,277	Dec 208,282
Deposits	36,31,450	25,461,981	Dec 852,77
Circulation	7,411,457	7,462,585	Inc. 51,098

The statement of averages of the leading items of our banks shows rather more activity. The loans increased $252,966, and the specie $1,098. The legal-tenders fell off $208,282, and the circulation is scattered in small amounts.—*Exchange.*

Cincinnati Seed Market.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 29.—There was a brisk demand for clover early in the week and the receipts being inadequate to the demand, prices advanced to $7.75@7.85, but the market closes rather quiet at these rates. The stock here is estimated at 12,000 to 15,000 bushels, but it is chiefly in the hands of speculators, and higher prices were paid than could now be realized, so that it is held out of the market at present. Timothy is in moderate request at $3.75@4, the latter an extreme price and obtained only for choice lots. Flax in good request at $2.50 per bush. The receipts are light.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 30.—Wheat—A shade better demand, but irregular. Sales 1 car Shelby red at $1.75; 1 car choice No. 1 red at $2.05; 1000 bush rejected at $1.20; 400 bush No. 1 Spring at $1.62. Corn—Receipts comparatively heavy and market irregular. Sales 1 car new shelled, at 55c; 1 car do at 56c; 3 cars do at 52c. Oats—Dull and inactive. Held at 36@40c from store. Rye—Dull. Barley—Nothing doing.

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PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, Jan. 31, 1866.

There was an excellent attendance on 'Change to-day, and after reading the regular dispatches, a considerable amount of produce was offered and several sales were effected. Among the transactions reported were 100 kegs country Lard at 16; 40 sacks Flaxseed at $2.75, and 92 bbls Spring Wheat Flour at $7¾. We would again urge upon the members who have anything to offer to bring samples with them, for, as a general thing, buyers are anxious to see an article before buying. Don't fail, therefore, gentlemen, to bring your samples along, as the chances for effecting a sale are much better with them than without.

GRAIN—There is no movement in Wheat to report, and in the absence of sales, prime Red may be quoted at $2. Barley is very dull and there is not enough doing to establish quotations. Sale of 100 bags Ear Corn at 70; and 100 bags shelled at 72. Oats—sale of 1 car in bulk at 45; also, small sales at the usual advance. Nothing doing in Rye.

GROCERIES—The grocery market is quiet but steady with a moderate jobbing demand at previous quotations. Rio Coffee is selling at 29 to 30 for fair to prime, and 31 for choice—Java, 41@42. Cuba Sugar, 13½@14 for Corn quiet, for No. 1 New Red advanced to $1,85. Corn quiet, at 55c for No. 1 Mixed. Oats dull and prices a shade lower; No. 1, 38½@39c; No. 2, 36@36½c. Rye dull, at 75c for No. 1.

GROCERIES—Unchanged and unquiet.

COTTON—Steady, at 45c for Middling.

WHISKY—Quiet and prices nominal. Free offered at $2.23, without buyers

MONEY